

Prime Minister Narendra Modi's Address to the Nation

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Prime Minister's Address



My dear countrymen, Namaskar

Once again, we have the opportunity to connect in 'Mann ki Baat'. This episode today makes me emotional. It's flooding me with a lot of old memories...The reason is that this journey of ours in 'Mann ki Baat' is completing 10 years. 10 years ago, 'Mann ki Baat' started on the day of Vijayadashami on the 3rd of October. And what a divine coincidence it is that this year on the 3rd of October when 'Mann ki Baat' completes 10 years, it will be the first day of Navratri. There are many phases in this long journey of 'Mann ki Baat' that I can never forget. Crores of listeners of 'Mann ki Baat' have been our companions in this journey, whose continuous support I have kept receiving. They provided information from every corner of the country.

The listeners of 'Mann ki Baat' are the real anchors of this show. A commonly held belief has become so ingrained that as long as there are no spicy or negative conversations, it does not receive much attention. But 'Mann ki Baat' has proved how hungry the people of the country are for positive information. People like positive stories, inspiring examples, and encouraging stories very much. Just as there is a bird called Chakor about which it is said that it drinks only raindrops. In 'Mann ki Baat' we saw that, like the Chakor bird, people too listen with great pride to the achievements of the country, the collective achievements of the people.





The 10-year journey of 'Mann ki Baat' has created a garland of sorts, in which every episode encompasses new sagas, new records, and new personalities get added. Whatever work is taking place in our society with a sense of collectiveness, it gets recognition through 'Mann ki Baat'. My heart also swells with pride when I read the letters that come for 'Mann ki Baat'.

There are so many talented people in our country...How much passion they have to

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serve the country and society. They dedicate their entire lives to serving people selflessly. Knowing about them fills me up with energy. This whole process of 'Mann ki Baat' for me is like going to the temple to have a Darshan of the Almighty. When I remember each and every thing, each and every incident, each and every letter connected with 'Mann ki Baat', I feel as if I am having a Darshan of the Janata Janaardan, the people, who are like the Almighty to me.

Friends, today I will applaud people associated with Doordarshan, Prasar Bharati and All India Radio. On account of their tireless efforts, 'Mann ki Baat' has reached this important milestone. I am also thankful to various TV channels. TV channels, regional who have consistently broadcast it. Many media houses also ran campaigns on the issues that we raised through Mann ki Baat. I also thank the print media for taking it to every home. I would also like to thank those Youtubers who did many programs on 'Mann ki Baat'. This program can



be heard in the country's 22 languages, besides 12 foreign languages as well. I love it when people say that they, listened to the 'Mann ki Baat' program in their local language. Many of you might know that, a quiz competition based on the 'Mann ki Baat' program is also running in which any person can take part by visiting www.mygov.in and winning prizes too. Today, at this important juncture, I once again seek your blessings. With a pure heart and complete dedication, may I continue singing songs of the greatness of the people of India...May we all continue to celebrate the collective power of the nation in this way... This is my prayer to God, this is my prayer to the people.

My dear fellow citizens, for the last few weeks it has been raining heavily in different parts of the country. This rainy season reminds us how important 'water conservation' is... how important it is to save water. Water saved during rainy days helps a lot during water scarcity months, and that's the spirit of campaigns like 'Catch The Rain'. I am happy that many people are taking new initiatives to conserve water. One such effort has been witnessed in Jhansi, Uttar Pradesh.

You know that 'Jhansi' is in Bundelkhand, whose identity is linked with water scarcity. Here, in Jhansi, some women have given a new lease of life to the Ghurari River. These women are associated with a Self Help Group and they have led this campaign by becoming 'Jal Saheli'. No one would have ever imagined the way these

women have saved the dying Ghurari river. These Jal Sahelis created a check dam by filling sand in sacks, stopped the rainwater from getting wasted, and filled the river to the brim with water. These women have enthusiastically contributed to the construction of hundreds of reservoirs and their revival. This has not only solved the water problem of the people of this area, happiness too has returned to their faces.

Friends, at some places woman power enhances water power, whereas at other places water power also strengthens woman power. I have come to know about two very inspiring efforts from Madhya Pradesh. Here in Raipura Village of Dindori, construction of a large pond has raised the groundwater level considerably. The women of this village benefited from this. Here the women associated with 'Sharada Aajeevika Self Help Group' have reentered into fish farming. These women have also started a fish parlour, where their income is also multiplying through the sale of the fish. The efforts of women in Chhatarpur, Madhya Pradesh, is commendable. When the big

pond in Khomp village started drying up, the women took the initiative to rejuvenate it. The women of 'Hari Bagiya Self Help Group' removed a large amount of silt from the pond... they used the silt removed from the pond on barren land to set up a fruit forest. Due to the hard work of these women, not only has the pond been filled with water, but the crop yield has also increased substantially. Such efforts of water conservation being done in every nook and corner of the country will prove very helpful in dealing with the water crisis. I fully trust that you too will definitely join such efforts happening around you.

My dear countrymen, there is a border village 'Jhala' in Uttarkashi of Uttarakhand. The youth here have started a special initiative to keep their village clean. They are running a campaign, 'Dhanyvaad Prakriti' or 'Thank you Nature' in their village. As part of this, the village is cleaned for two hours every day. The garbage scattered in the streets of the village is collected and dumped at a designated place outside the village. Due to this, Jhala village



is also turning clean, and people are becoming aware as well. Just imagine if every village, every street, every locality in your area starts a similar 'Thank You' campaign, how much change can come about!

Friends, a cleanliness drive is being promoted aggressively on the beach of Puducherry too. Here, a woman named Remya ji is leading a team of youth from Mahe Municipality and its surrounding area. The people of this team, through their efforts, are cleaning the Mahe Area, especially the beaches in the vicinity.

Friends, I have discussed only two efforts here. But if we look around, we will find that in every part of the country, some unique effort or the other is definitely going on, associated with 'cleanliness'. Just a few days later, on the 2nd of October, the Swachh Bharat Mission is completing 10 years. This is an occasion to commend those who turned it into such a big mass movement in Indian history. It is also a befitting tribute to Mahatma Gandhi, who dedicated his entire life to this cause.

Friends, today it is the success of the 'Swachh Bharat Mission' that the 'Waste to Wealth' mantra is becoming popular among people. People have started talking about Reduce, Reuse and Recycle, citing their examples as well. Like I just came to know about a great effort in Kozhikode, Kerala. Here, 74 years old Subrahamanian ji has repaired more than 23,000 chairs and thus made them



re-usable again. People also call him 'Reduce, Reuse and Recycle', that is, RRR, (Triple R) Champion. His unique efforts can also be seen at the offices of Kozhikode Civil Station, PWD and LIC.

Friends, we have to connect as many people as possible with the ongoing cleanliness campaign. And this is not a campaign for one day or one year; it is a task to be undertaken continuously for ages. This is work to be done until 'cleanliness' becomes our nature. I request all of you to take part in the cleanliness campaign along with your family, friends, neighbours and colleagues. I once again congratulate all of you on the success of the 'Swachh Bharat Mission'.

My dear countrymen, we are all very proud of our heritage. And I always say 'Development as well as Heritage'. That is why I am getting a lot of messages about a particular aspect of my recent visit to the US. Once again, there is a lot of discussion about the return of our ancient artefacts. I can understand your feelings about this and I would also like to tell the listeners of 'Mann ki Baat' about it.

Friends, during my visit to the US, the US government has returned around 300 ancient artefacts to India. US President Biden, very affectionately, showed me some of these artefacts in his private residence at Delaware. Returned artefacts

are made of materials such as terracotta, stone, ivory, wood, copper and bronze. Many of these are four thousand years old. The US has returned artefacts dating back to 4000 years... those from the 19th century as well. These include vases, terracotta plaques of gods and goddesses, statues of Jain Tirthankaras, as well as statues of Lord Buddha and Lord Shri Krishna. Several animal statuettes are also among the returned items. From Jammu and Kashmir, terracotta tiles bearing male and female figures are very interesting. These include bronze idols of Lord Ganesha from Southern India as well. A large number of images of Lord Vishnu are also among the returned artefacts. These are mainly from Northern and Southern India. Looking at these artefacts, one realises how much attention our ancestors paid to intricate detailing. They had a great understanding of art. Many of these artefacts were taken out of the country through smuggling and other illegal means—this is a serious crime. In a way, it is like destroying our heritage, but I am very happy that in the last decade, many such artefacts and many elements of our ancient heritage have been brought back home. Today, India is also working with many countries in this direction. I believe that when we are proud of our heritage, the world also respects it, and as a result of that, today many countries are



returning to us such artefacts that were taken away from here.

My dear friends, if I ask you which language a child learns most easily and quickly-your answer will be 'mother tongue'. In our country, almost twenty thousand languages dialects are there, and each one of them is surely a mother tongue of someone or the other. There are some languages which are used by very few people, but you will be happy to know that today, unique efforts are being made to preserve those languages. One such language is our 'Santhali' language. A campaign has been started to give a new identity to Santhali with the help of digital innovation. 'Santhali' is spoken by the people of the Santhal tribal community residing in many states of our country.

Apart from India, tribal communities speaking Santhali are also present in Bangladesh, Nepal and Bhutan. Ramjit Tudu, a resident of Mayurbhanj, Odisha, is running a campaign to create an online identity of the Santhali language. Ramjeet ji has prepared a digital platform where literature related to the Santhali language can be read

and written in Santhali language. Actually, a few years ago when Ramjeet ji started using the mobile phone, he was saddened by the fact that he could not send messages in his mother tongue. After that, he started exploring the possibility of typing 'OI Chiki' script in Santhali. With the help of some of his friends, he developed the technique of typing 'OI Chiki'. Today, due to his efforts, articles written in Santhali are reaching millions of people.

Friends, when there's a

confluence of our strong resolve and collective participation, it leads to amasing results for the entire society. Its most recent example is 'Ek Ped Maa ke Naam'-this was an amasing campaign; such an example of public participation is truly inspiring. People in every nook and corner of the country have done wonders in this campaign which was started for conservation of the environment. Uttar Pradesh, Gujarat, Madhya Rajasthan Pradesh,



Telangana have created a new record by planting more saplings than the target. Under this campaign, more than 26 crore saplings have been planted in Uttar Pradesh. The people of Gujarat planted more than 15 crore saplings. More than 6 crore saplings were planted in Rajasthan in the month of August alone. Thousands of schools in the country are also participating in this campaign with great enthusiasm.

Friends, many examples related to tree planting campaigns keep coming to the fore in our country. One such example is that of K.N. Rajasekhar ji of Telangana. His commitment to planting trees amazes us all. About four years ago, he started a tree planting campaign. He decided that he would certainly plant a tree every day. He followed this campaign like a strict vow. He has planted more than 1500 saplings. The most remarkable point is that even after becoming a victim of a mishap this year, he did not waver from his resolve. I heartily appreciate all such efforts. I also request you to join this sacred campaign, 'Ek Ped Maa ke Naam'.

My dear friends, you must have seen there are some people around us who do not lose patience in any adversity; rather, they learn from it. Subashree, one such lady, with her efforts, has created a wonderful garden of rare and very useful herbs. She is a resident of Madurai in Tamil Nadu. Though she is a teacher by profession, she also has great affinity for medicinal herbs. This affection of hers started in the eighties when her father was bitten by a poisonous snake. At that time, traditional herbs helped her father recover to quite an extent. After this incident, she started exploring traditional medicines and herbs. Today, she has a unique herbal garden in Verichiyur village of Madurai, in which there are more than 500 rare medicinal plants. She has worked very hard to prepare this garden... In search of every plant, she travelled far and wide, gathered information, and many times asked for help from other people. During Covid, she made available to the people these immunity boosting herbs. Today people come from far and wide to see her herbal garden. She imparts information about herbal plants and their



uses to everyone. Subashree is carrying forward our traditional heritage, which has been a part of our culture for hundreds of years. Her herbal garden connects our past to the future. Our best wishes to her.

Friends, in these changing times, the nature of jobs is changing and new sectors are emerging, such as gaming, animation, reel making, film making, or poster making. If you can perform well in any of these skills, your talent can get a very big platform. If you are a part of a band or working for a community radio, then there is also a huge opportunity for you. In order to promote your talent and creativity, the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Government of India, has started 25 challenges under the theme, 'Create in India'. You

will surely find these challenges interesting. Some challenges even focus on music, education and even anti-piracy. There are many professional organisations associated with this objective and are providing full support to these challenges. In order to participate, you can log in to wavesindia.org. I specially urge the creators in the country to ensure participation and bring their creativity to the fore.

My dear fellow citizens, this month marks the culmination of 10 years of another important campaign. The success of this campaign includes the contribution of the country's big industries as well as small shopkeepers. I am talking about 'Make in India'. Today, it gives me immense joy to see that the poor, the middle class



and MSMEs are getting a lot of benefit from this campaign. This campaign has provided an opportunity for people of every class to showcase their talent. Today, India has become a manufacturing powerhouse, and it is because of the youth power of the country that the whole world is looking up to us. Be it automobiles, textiles, aviation, electronics or defence, every sector of the country's exports is constantly on the rise. The continual rise of FDI in the country is narrating the success saga of Make In India. Now we are mainly focussing on two things... The first is 'Quality', that is, goods made in our country should be of global standards... and the other is 'Vocal for Local. That means local products should get maximum promotion. In 'Mann

ki Baat' we've also discussed #MyProductMyPride'. How the people of the country can benefit from promoting local products can be understood through an example. In Bhandara district of Maharashtra, there is an old textile tradition of 'Bhandara Tussar Silk Handloom'. Tussar Silk is known for its colour, design and strength. In some areas of Bhandara, more than 50 'Self Help Groups are working to preserve it. Women have a huge participation in that. This silk is fast becoming popular and empowering local communities, and that is the spirit of 'Make in India'.

Friends, in this festive season you can once again reiterate your old resolves. Anything you buy should necessarily be 'Made in India'...Anything you gift that too should be Made In

India. Merely buying earthen lamps is not 'Vocal for Local'. You should promote local products made in your area more and more. Any such product that has been made with the sweat of an Indian artisan and that is made on Indian soil is our pride; we always have to lend glory to this pride.

Friends, in this episode of 'Mann ki Baat' I really enjoyed connecting with you. Please send us your thoughts and suggestions related to this program. I am waiting for your letters and messages. Just a few days later, the festival season is about to begin. It will begin with Navratri and then for the next

two months, this atmosphere of worshipping, fasting, festivals, joy and happiness will prevail all around. I extend my greetings to all of you on the upcoming festivals. Enjoy the festivals with your family and your loved ones, and include others too in your joy. Next month, 'Mann ki Baat' will connect with you, bringing in some new topics. I thank all of you.

Scan the QR code to listen to 'Mann ki Baat'.







MANN KI BAAT

Special Mentions by Prime Minister

Call for Action

Over the last decade, in the 'Mann ki Baat' program, Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi has consistently encouraged citizens to take action on various issues. These calls for action aim to foster a sense of community and responsibility among citizens, driving positive change across the nation. A few of these, highlighting positive results, are mentioned below:

#SwachhBharatMission

Over the decade, the mission has transformed into a 'people's movement'. Crores of people, across all age groups, have realised their duty and responsibility towards cleanliness.

Many people have restarted the tradition of using jute and cloth bags while going to shop since Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi gave the clarion call to stop the usage of single-use plastic. In the past years, many sectors have benefited from the construction of toilets, which not only restore human dignity but also contribute to the mission's target of making India Open Defecation Free (ODF).

#EkPedMaaKeNaam

On the occasion of World Environment Day, Prime Minister Narendra Modi launched the 'Ek Ped Maa ke Naam' campaign, a unique initiative combining environmental responsibility with a heartfelt tribute to mothers.

On 22nd September 2024, the 128 Infantry Battalion and Ecological Task Force of the Territorial Army, a unit under the Ministry of Environment, Forest, and Climate Change (MoEF&CC), achieved a remarkable feat by planting over 5 lakh saplings in just one hour. The Territorial Army unit's efforts were recognised by the World Book of Records, London.

The success of this campaign lies in its simplicity and emotional appeal, encouraging people across the nation to plant a tree as a tribute to their mothers. In doing so, they honour the nurturing power of both nature and motherhood, ensuring that future generations inherit a healthier and more sustainable world.









जन भागीदारी के साल

10 years of Mann ki Baat









#AatmanirbharBharat

The initiative was launched by the Government of India in May 2020 to promote economic self-sufficiency and resilience. The campaign aims to reduce dependency on imports and enhance domestic production across various sectors. Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi has continued to inspire citizens to adopt Khadi as a lifestyle choice, aligning with the broader goals of Aatmanirbhar Bharat—economic self—reliance, sustainability and cultural revival.

'Khadi of India' has become the forerunner of 'Atmanirbhar Bharat Abhiyan' in the country. Khadi commands a sentimental value for Indians. It symbolises the need and importance of indigenous manufactured goods. There has been an unprecedented growth of 332% in the sale of indigenous Khadi products made by artisans from 2013–14 to 2022–23.

#VocalforLocal

Instead of becoming the world's market, India is now dominating the world market by becoming a manufacturing hub with the mantras 'Vocal for Local' and 'Aatmanirbharta', and local Indian products are becoming the global market's first choice.

The 'Vocal for Local' campaign has given a new identity to the life and products of the tribal communities living in remote areas, and there is now no discrimination because everyone has equal access to the country's resources. This movement, pioneered by Prime Minister Narendra Modi, is a call to action to support local products and businesses, harness the potential of local manufacturing communities and upgrade them financially.

#HarGharTiranga

'Har Ghar Tiranga' is a campaign that started under the aegis of Azadi Ka Amrit Mahotsav to encourage people to bring the Tiranga home and hoist it to celebrate India's Independence. Bringing the flag home collectively as a nation thus became symbolic of not only an act of personal connection to the Tiranga but also an embodiment of our collective commitment to nation-building.

In 2022, the national flag was hoisted at more than 23 crore homes and 6 crore people uploaded their selfies with the flag on www.harghartiranga. com. In 2023, over 10 crore selfies were uploaded under the HGT campaign.

2024 marked the third edition of the campaign. A highlight of the campaign has been the special Tiranga Bike Rally featuring Members of Parliament, on 13th August at 8 AM. The rally started from Bharat Mandapam, Pragati Maidan, New Delhi and ended at Major Dhyan Chand Stadium, passing through India Gate.

#MeraPehlaVoteDeshKeLiye

The 'Mera Pehla Vote Desh Ke Liye' campaign aims to bring together the youth of India to be active participants in the electoral process. The initiative has significantly impacted youth participation in the electoral process by raising awareness about the importance of voting. It encouraged informed decision-making and fostered a sense of responsibility among first-time voters, contributing to a more engaged and active citizenry.

- a) 1,09,868 #Mera Pehla Vote Desh Ke Liye pledges were taken in 12 regional languages
- b) 91,610 people took part in the Quiz on India's democracy. 2,218 submissions were received as part of the Reel Making Contest on 'Desh Hamara Kaisa Ho'
- c) 1,258 podcasts were submitted on the theme of 'Desh Hamara Kaisa Ho'
- d) 1,895 blogs were submitted on 'Desh Hamara Kaisa Ho'.















#FitIndia (Fit India Movement)

FIT INDIA Movement was launched on 29th August, 2019 by PM Narendra Modi with a view to make fitness an integral part of our daily lives. The mission of the Movement is to bring behavioural changes and move towards a more physically active lifestyle. The movement emphasises the importance of holistic wellbeing, encompassing both physical and mental health.

The human body's rawest form of 'FREEDOM' used for the 'FIT India Freedom Run', has resonated with Indians. In the three 'Fit India Freedom Runs' organised in 2020, 2021 and 2023, over seven crore citizens participated. 'Fit India' has now become a national movement.

#DigitalIndia (Digital India Initiative)

The Digital India programme was launched by Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi on July 01, 2015 with an aim to transform India into a knowledge-based economy and a digitally empowered society by ensuring digital services, digital access, digital inclusion, digital empowerment and bridging the digital divide. Few initiatives include:

- More than 135 crore Aadhaar Cards have empowered residents, especially the poor and vulnerable, to seamlessly avail the benefits of government services.
- DigiLocker– Around 18.38 crore users are using the App and 622 crore documents are digitally stored in the cloud.
- eHospital- More than 1,000 hospitals across India have been enabled with the eHospital facility.
- National Scholarship Portal (NSP)- More than 100 Scholarship schemes of Central/ State Governments are available on NSP Portal.
- To further mitigate the language barrier, Bhashini, an AI enabled national language translation platform has been launched to ensure access to the internet for citizens who do not know English. As on date, 1000+ pre-trained AI models for language translation in 10 Indian languages have been made available on the Bhashini platform.

A Decade of Social Change, Public Awareness, and Citizen Engagement



Shashi Shekhar Vempati
Former CEO Prasar Bharati &
Author of the book 'Collective
Spirit Concrete Action – Mann ki
Baat and its Influence on India'

Over the past ten years, 'Mann ki Baat' has emerged as a unique platform for driving social change, fostering public awareness, and enhancing citizen participation. From empowering grassroots voices to creating a shared sense of national purpose, 'Mann ki Baat' is the most consequential Prime Ministerial intervention in the history of independent India without a precedent.

From its inception, 'Mann ki Baat' has been instrumental in igniting grassroots movements and promoting societal change. From the 'Selfie with Daughter' campaign, which encouraged

parents to celebrate and showcase their daughters, to the Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, direct engagement with citizens, particularly the youth, has made these movements not just government-led initiatives but people-driven efforts for societal scale change. Another poignant example is the call to surrender gas subsidies for wealthier households, which led to millions of middle- and lowermiddle-class families voluntarily giving up their subsidies to support those in need. This act of selflessness, encouraged by 'Mann ki Baat', is a testament to how the broadcast has catalysed positive civic behaviour and fostered a collective spirit of social responsibility.

By bringing lesser-known but vital issues into the national spotlight and by highlighting work of grassroots champions-whether they are individuals building check dams in rural areas, organising energy conservation rallies, or weaving khadi as part of local entrepreneurial efforts, 'Mann ki Baat' has given visibility unsung heroes. These personal stories have not only inspired listeners but have also underlined the importance of individual contributions to nation-building.

Drawing on examples from

India's rich history and culture while weaving them into the fabric of contemporary societal goals, Prime Minister Narendra Modi has strived to encourage citizens to take action alongside instilling a deep sense of pride in India's culture, heritage and its timeless icons.

While drawing inspiration from the 'ancient', 'Mann ki Baat' has aspired for the 'modern' through both its innovative use of technology and its championing of technology. With translations in over several languages and dialects, the broadcast reaches even the most remote corners of India. Its multilingual presence has even inspired research in Natural Language Processing (NLP) and AI, which is being used to improve machine translation technologies for languages.

One of the most remarkable aspects of 'Mann ki Baat' is its apolitical stance. Prime Minister Modi has consciously kept the broadcast free from political discourse, focusing instead on social issues, national unity and inspirational stories. This apolitical character has allowed the program to resonate with citizens across the political spectrum, ensuring its broad appeal and long-term impact.

If Nehru's Discovery of India was a static window into India's past, frozen in time, Narendra Modi's 'Mann ki Baat' is an interactive perspective into India's future that is dynamically evolving with time. From crowdsourcing inputs on climate

challenges to celebrating citizen action on public sanitation, the 'Mann ki Baat' journey has been both participative and introspective in its character going where no Indian Prime Minister had ever gone before. It is perhaps no surprise that 'Mann ki Baat' has inspired several thousand academic research papers in peer reviewed journals on diverse subjects ranging from public communication, behavioural economics and language models. In an era when the public discourse has been dotted by western models of ESG (Environmental, Social and Governance), DEI (Diversity, Equity & Inclusion) and CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility), Prime Minister Narendra Modi has laid down the foundation for the emergence of uniquely Indian model of socioeconomic development.

The Narendra Modi model that emerges through these ten years of 'Mann ki Baat' has people and local communities at its heart while being deeply rooted in their culture and traditions. While this Modi model is powered by modern science and technology, it is guided by a holistic approach that is mindful of the impact on livelihoods, nature and the environment. Prime Minister Narendra Modi through his 'Mann ki Baat' has thus set a high benchmark for socio-economic development with this uniquely Indian model by which future leaders, governments, corporates and public institutions will be judged.

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Mere pyaare deshwaasiyon, Namaskar!

Journey of Mann ki Baat



Over the past decade, 'Mann ki Baat', launched on October 3, 2014, has grown into one of India's most influential communication platforms. This monthly radio address, which airs on the last Sunday of every month, has fostered a unique dialogue between Prime Minister Narendra Modi and citizens from all walks of life. It is a show not just of words but of collective action, inspiring grassroots movements and influencing national conversations.

A 2023 report from IIM Rohtak found that there are 23 crore regular listeners of 'Mann ki Baat', with 96% of the population being aware of the famous radio programme.

This initiative has not only chronicled India's journey over the past ten years but also created awareness on key issues like sanitation, health, rural development, health and fitness, environment and national unity.



Major Milestones

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January 2015 – A Landmark Collaboration

In this episode, PM Modi was joined by former U.S. President Barack Obama, marking the first-ever radio address by an Indian Prime Minister and an American President together. They discussed key issues like the Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao Mission, languages, and foreign affairs, making the episode a global talking point for weeks.



After the 2019 general elections, PM Modi resumed 'Mann ki Baat' with a heartfelt return, marking the beginning of 'Mann ki Baat' 2.0. PM Modi expressed how much he had missed this connection with the people during the election period, describing the program as a lively, family-like conversation that drives change.

June 2024 – 'Mann ki Baat' 3.0

After the historic win in general elections this year, PM Modi now aims to reignite the spirit of dialogue with citizens with 'Mann ki Baat' 3.0. As the program resumed after a brief hiatus, it is now set to empower communities, fostering a renewed commitment to collective progress under the Modi government's vision of transformation.

October 2014 -The Inception

'Mann ki Baat' debuted on Vijayadashami with an overarching theme of nation-building and social unity. The first episode received an overwhelming response and set the tone for the many narratives to follow.

November 2016 – Demonetisation Discourse

During this episode of 'Mann ki Baat', PM Modi explained the rationale behind the government's decision to demonetise 500 and 1000 currency notes. The message resonated with millions, uniting both urban and rural India in a collective effort to build a more transparent economy.

April 2023 – The 100th Episode Milestone

22nd EDITION

MANN KI

BAAT

'Mann ki Baat' completed its 100th episode, with PM Modi reflecting on the incredible stories of courage and transformation shared by the people of India. 'Mann ki Baat' has now become a platform for showcasing mass movements like Swachhata Abhiyaan or celebrating Azadi Ka Amrit Mahotsav, PM Modi emphasised how every episode has transformed these ideas into mass movements.





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'Mann ki Baat' is aired in 22 Indian languages, 11 foreign languages, including Arabic, Chinese, and French, and 29 dialects reaching Indian diaspora and global audiences.



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'Mann ki Baat' reached an astonishing 100 crore listeners, showcasing its immense popularity and impact across the nation.



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'Mann ki Baat' is being broadcast by more than 500 broadcast centres of All India Radio.



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The program has a social media following of over 10 million across various platforms, including Facebook, X, and Instagram.



In its ten-year journey, 'Mann ki Baat' has transcended from a monthly radio show to a nation-building movement. Its influence on the public psyche is profound, promoting social reforms and evoking pride in India's progress. It continues to inspire, educate, and mobilise millions, ensuring that citizens remain at the heart of national progress. As 'Mann ki Baat' progresses, its legacy of uniting the country through shared stories of inspiration is only set to deepen.



Stories that Made a Difference

Pandemic to Progress

During the pandemic, in 'Mann ki Baat', PM Modi encouraged citizens to get vaccinated by fostering community discussions around the benefits of vaccines.

His call led to increased public trust, driving massive participation in the vaccination drive, helping India tackle COVID-19 head-on.

PM Modi also emphasised wearing masks, maintaining social distancing, and supporting local businesses, encouraging citizens to turn the crisis into an opportunity for resilience and self-reliance.

Empowering Rural Entrepreneurs

PM Modi, through 'Mann ki Baat', has consistently shared stories of rural artisans and small business owners thriving under the 'Vocal for Local' initiative. These inspiring tales have encouraged countless small–scale entrepreneurs to embrace local production, boosting their businesses and fostering economic self–reliance across India.

'Ek Ped Maa ke Naam' Campaign

In 'Mann ki Baat', PM Modi highlighted how communities have elevated the Ek Ped Maa ke Naam campaign, with continuous efforts leading to the planting of millions of saplings nationwide. He praised local environmental champions like K.N. Rajashekhar, who has planted one tree every day, totaling over 1,500 trees. Thanks to the PM's constant recognition of people's efforts through platforms like 'Mann ki Baat', the 'Ek Ped Maa ke Naam' campaign, which was launched on June 5, 2024, successfully achieved the target of planting 80 crore seedlings by September 2024.

Fit India Movement and Yoga

In 'Mann ki Baat', PM Modi has consistently promoted the Fit India Movement and the global celebration of International Yoga Day, emphasising their importance in fostering a healthier lifestyle. One impactful story he shared was of Anvi from Surat, a girl with *Down's Syndrome* and heart issues, who transformed her life through yoga. Encouraged by her parents, Anvi overcame initial challenges and became an expert in yoga, participating in competitions and winning medals.

Boosting the Space Sector

In 'Mann ki Baat', PM Modi has frequently highlighted the growth of startups in the space sector, emphasising the economic boost they bring to India. His discussions on space reforms and achievements, such as the successful *Chandrayaan-3* Mission and the launch of commercial satellites, have inspired youth to engage with astronomy and space technology. Through these efforts, 'Mann ki Baat' has played a pivotal role in fostering innovation and encouraging the next generation to explore opportunities in the burgeoning space industry.











Catch the Rain: India's Drive Toward Water Security



Alok K. Sikka
Country Representative
(India), International Water
Management Institute,
New Delhi

The marginal increase in groundwater recharge and the decline in overall groundwater extraction over two consecutive years (2021-22 and 2022-23), revival of streams and enhanced availability of surface water in local water bodies at number of places, can be attributed to the impact of the 'Catch the Rain' campaign. This has not only instilled the understanding about the value of conserving rainwater amongst the masses but also sparked optimism that with sustained, community-led efforts, water resources can be effectively managed to help address water insecurity through locally led climate adaptation.

India's connection to water dates to ancient civilisations, with settlements like those along the Ganga and Indus rivers flourishing due to proximity to water bodies. Traditional water management systems such as stepwells, tanks, baolis, khadin, etc. were developed, reflecting a deep cultural reverence for water. India now faces significant water security challenges due to increased agricultural demand, rapid population growth, industrialisation urbanisation, and climate change. Overreliance on groundwater and unsustainable use resulting in rapid depletion of groundwater. Inadequate water management, decreasing per capita water availability, and climate change have aggravated the water insecurity, underscoring the urgent need for reforms in water conservation. The 'Catch the Rain' campaign aims to tackle these issues by promoting rainwater harvesting and conservation.

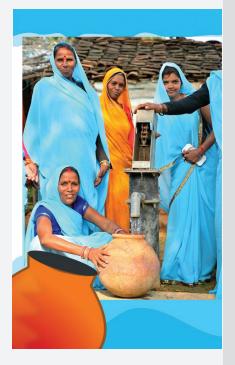
Launched by the Prime Minister Narendra Modi, the 'Catch the Rain' campaign promotes rainwater harvesting nationwide, with a focus on capturing rain where it falls, when it falls. The campaign focuses on water conservation and rainwater harvesting, including rejuvenation of water bodies, geotagging, making inventory of water bodies, developing scientific water conservation plans, setting up Jal Shakti Kendras, intensive afforestation, raisina and awareness. This has not only raised awareness but also changed the mindset of many, particularly among women and youth, toward the importance of water conservation.

India's 'Catch the Rain' campaign has made a substantial contribution to improving water security, especially in rural areas, by ensuring that rainwater is captured locally through location specific decentralised capture interventions leading to enhanced surface availability and/or groundwater recharge supporting agriculture and livelihoods. The increase in groundwater recharge and the decline in overall groundwater extraction in India over two consecutive years (2021-22 and 2022-23) highlight the impact of the 'Catch the Rain' campaign. There are examples of local streams/springs revival and multiple water uses, including raising fish for nutrition and livelihood security. These efforts are important for the source



sustainability of drinking water under Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM). In a recent study in Moradabad district of Uttar Pradesh, the International Water Management Institute (IWMI) observed that the concerted efforts by local authorities on Amrit Sarovar is providing multiple benefits including groundwater recharge and creating much-needed public space for communities. A Women Self-Help Group in Bilari block, Moradabad, involved right from construction to maintenance of ponds, is earning income through fisheries and sale of food/snacks in the created public space.

Government support has



been instrumental in driving the success of 'Catch the Rain', providing a model for other nations facing water security challenges. Since its relaunch in 2021, the campaign has overseen more than 7.9 million waterrelated works with an investment of nearly ₹1 lakh crore. There have been concerted efforts by various district administrations it has empowered local institutions like Gram Panchayats and Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) to plan and execute water conservation works. The integration of digital tools, including GIS mapping and mobile apps for tracking progress, reflects a growing global trend of using technology for effective water management planning and ensuring transparent monitoring.

Community participation has been a cornerstone of the 'Catch the Rain' campaign's success. The focus of the 2024 theme, Nari Shakti se Jal Shakti (Women Power to Water Power), highlights the importance of empowering women to lead water conservation efforts. The success stories of Jal Saheli in Bundelkhand region of Madhya Pradesh clearly demonstrates transformative women can play in managing water resources. Engaging local institutions like Gram Panchayats in rural areas and ULBs in cities to plan and execute water conservation activities has added desired value. The NGOs, Civil Society Organisations (CSOs), and youth groups like the National Cadet Corps (NCC) and National Service Scheme (NSS) have also mobilised large numbers of citizens to actively participate, creating a broad-based impact. These community-driven efforts help ensure long-term sustainability.

The integration of traditional water conservation methods with modern management practices is crucial to the success of 'Catch the Rain'. Integration of innovative water management practices for water demand management and increased water use efficiency will be crucial for resilient water management and climate adaptation. Positioning rainwater management in the





overall concept of integrated water resources management from field, farm, village, watershed and basin scales is important.

As climate change intensifies, the 'Catch the Rain' campaign will increasingly prioritise climate resilience and sustainable water management. **Emerging** technologies like Al-driven water monitoring, predictive weather analytics, and climate-adaptive rainwater harvesting systems are expected to play a key role in future strategies. Expanding community-based watershed management, strengthening partnerships, public-private and enhancing national and international collaborations for knowledge and technology exchange will be critical. In conclusion, the 'Catch the Rain' campaign showcases the power of community-driven water conservation for addressing water security.

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Catch the Rain Campaign

Grassroots Efforts in Water Management

"Water saved during rainy days helps a lot
"Water saved during rainy days helps a lot
during water scarcity months, and that's the
during water scarcity months, and that Rain'. I
during water scarcity months ike 'Catch The Rain'.
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spirit of campaigns like 'Catch The Rain'.
Initiatives to conserve water.

Water Conservation in Uttar Pradesh

We, Jal Sahelis, organised a meeting and decided to work for the revival of Ghurari river in our village which was dry for a long time. It took us days to dig out the sand, fill it into the sacks, and put them together to create the check dam. We faced a lot of challenges. The sacks we put together were thrown away by some people, but we were not afraid. They kept throwing away the sacks continually for days and we kept putting them together. Finally, they had to surrender before our courage and we succeeded in creating the check dam.



People used discourage us stating that we, being women, could not do it - could not farm fish, take them out and sell. But with our courage and hard work. we proved them wrong. We changed the way they thought of us. The same people who once never supported us, now appreciate our efforts.



Sharda Dhurve, Head, Sharada Aajeevika Self Help Group

Removal of Large Amount of Silt from the Pond in Madhya Pradesh





Phoola Rajak, Member of Hari Bagiya Self Help Group

We are twelve members who work together in this group like sisters. We plant both fruits and vegetables. We have learned everything here. It was a barren land. We took care of it. The plants were very small when we started working here. Now they have become trees and give mangoes, auavas. iackfruits. pumpkins. blackberries, gooseberries, etc. The fruits that we get from these trees, we eat them, give to the schools and anganwadi, and sell them also. We have advised all to work harder and prosper. It will be for the good of all.



Meena, Member of Jal Saheli Self Help Goup

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Swachh Bharat Mission

10 Years of the World's Largest Jan Andolan for Swachhata

If we look around, we will find that in every part of the country, some unique effort or the other is definitely going on, associated with 'cleanliness'. Just a few days later, on the 2nd of October, the Swachh Bharat Mission is completing 10 years. This is an occassion to commend those who turned it into such a big mass movement in Indian history. It is also a befitting tribute to Mahatma Gandhi, who dedicated his entire life to this cause.

-Prime Minister Narendra Modi (in 'Mann ki Baat' address)

"Traditionally, sanitation was a topic shrouded in stigma - not openly discussed in households or communities. SBM changed this narrative by turning cleanliness into a public discussion topic and a collective responsibility. It fostered a 'Jan Andolan' where the entire nation, from schoolchildren to village elders, from business leaders to celebrities, came together with a singular vision."

-M Hari Menon Country Director, India & Lead, Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation In the 114th Episode of 'Mann ki Baat', the Prime Minister applauded the citizens of the country, as the mission was to complete a decade on 2nd October, since its inception in 2014.

In 2014, when the Swachh Bharat Mission was announced from the ramparts of the Red Fort in Delhi, few could have foreseen the transformative journey that lay ahead. The launch of 'Swachh Bharat Mission' was far more than a routine public announcement; it was a passionate clarion call, a heartfelt request, and a bold vision statement given to the nation by the Prime Minister of India, Shri Narendra Modi during his first Independence Day address.

The mission is divided into SBM-Gramin for villages and SBM-Urban for cities, implemented by the Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation and the Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs, respectively.

As of September 2024, over 5.87 lakh villages across India have achieved ODF Plus status, with over 3.92 lakh villages implementing solid waste management systems and over

4.95 lakh villages establishing waste management liquid systems. With effective sanitation practices, there has been a decrease in waterborne and sanitation-related diseases. leading to healthier communities. Better solid and liquid waste management practices have contributed to less pollution and improved environmental health. Further, the emphasis on waste management has led to cleaner streets and public areas, making neighbourhoods more pleasant and livable.

An unwavering pledge to achieve ODF Plus status includes initiatives encouraging community participation and fostering collaboration and unity among residents. Improved cleanliness has fostered a sense of pride among residents, encouraging them to take ownership of their environment.

Over the past decade,

continuous efforts as part of the Swachh Bharat Mission have led to improved dignity of women, better health outcomes, enhanced school attendance for girls, an increase of small and micro entrepreneurs and an overall higher quality of life across the country in both rural and urban areas.

Leading this year's campaign, the 'Swabhav Swachhata, Sanskaar Swachhata (4S)', are three key pillars:

- 1. Cleanliness Target Units (CTUs): A Cleanliness Target Unit (CTU) refers to severely neglected, high-risk areas like garbage points or dump sites that pose significant environmental and health risks, often overlooked during routine cleanliness drives in various regions.
- 2. Safai Mitra Suraksha Shivirs: Single-window health and welfare camps for Safai Mitras for preventive healthcare treatment



and linkages with various welfare schemes of the Central and State Government.

3. Swachhata Mein Jan Bhagidari: Widespread engagement with citizens, communities, and organisations to raise awareness and trigger involvement through various activities.

The campaign focused on mobilising public participation (Jan Bhagidari), achieving sustainable cleanliness, and recognising the vital role of sanitation workers (Safai Mitras).

Under Swachhata Hi Seva 2024, over 19.70 lakh programmes have been completed with the public participation of more than 17 crore people. Transformation of around 6.5 lakh Cleanliness Target Units has been achieved. Nearly 1 lakh 'Safai Mitra Suraksha Shivirs' have also been organised, benefitting over 30 lakh 'Safai Mitras'. Further, over 45 lakh

trees have been planted

under the 'Ek Ped Maa

ke Naam' campaign.

One of the most impactful initiatives to emerge from this movement, which has collective action and citizen participation at the forefront, is the development of inclusive sanitation facilities, particularly for women. Examples of women-friendly sanitation are the Sthree Toilet in Karnataka and the Pink Toilets in Noida.

In the journey towards universal sanitation, the creation of women-friendly toilets stands as a testament to India's evolving commitment to hygiene, safety, and dignity for all.

Additionally, as the mission progressed, focus on tech-enabled, user-friendly sanitation solutions also gained momentum. Among the key developments in this journey is the rise of Smart e-Toilets, offering advanced features that not only meet hygiene standards but also elevate the user experience in urban spaces.

To support India's

aspirational urban

population, the

and

ever-growing

Swachh Bharat Mission has integrated 6.36 lakh community and public toilets across cities, enhancing the country's sanitation infrastructure. The construction of toilets and sanitation infrastructure not only improved hygiene but also significantly impacted health, especially in rural areas.

The story of Swachh Bharat is a powerful testament to the unyielding spirit of duty and passion that resides in the hearts of every citizen. From the sacred banks of the Ganges to the expansive Bay of Bengal, from the heartlands of Bihar and Jharkhand to the serene Western Ghats, the vision of Swachh Bharat has been embraced by citizens living across every corner of India.

Swachh Bharat is the prime example of a mission driven by the people, for the people, and with the



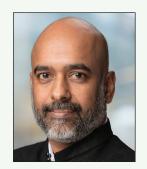
A recent study published in
Nature, the world's leading
multi-disciplinary science
journal, by leading experts
reveals that the Swachh Bharat
Mission (SBM), India's ambitious
national sanitation program,
has contributed significantly to
reducing infant and underfive mortality rates across the
country – averting 60,000 –
70,000 infant lives annually

Launched in 2014, SBM is one of the largest national behavioural change sanitation programs in the world, aimed at eliminating open defecation by providing household toilets across the country.



A Decade of Swachh Bharat

Revolutionising India's approach to public health and dignity



M. Hari Menon
Country Director,
India & Lead, Bill & Melinda
Gates Foundation

Ten years ago, India embarked on an unprecedented journey with the launch of the Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM). The mission became much more than just a large-scale sanitation initiative — it transformed how India approaches public health, women's dignity, and community engagement. As we

reflect on a decade of progress across all these dimensions, it is evident that SBM has heralded a social revolution leading to substantial improvements in economic, environmental, health, and social outcomes for all Indians.

One of SBM's most profound impacts has been on women. For millions, access to safe sanitation was more than just a matter of hygiene-it was a question of basic dignity and security, as highlighted by the Prime Minister in his 2014 Independence Day speech that launched the mission. Before SBM, women and girls often faced the indignity and risks associated with open defecation, unfortunately compromising their safety and health. The construction of millions of toilets in houses, public spaces, schools and institutions has ensured women and girls can reclaim their right to safety and dignity and can actively engage in daily life – studying, working or traveling. Further, toilet construction also involved women's groups, training of thousands of women in toilet design and construction, and creating livelihood opportunities. Through this lens, SBM is also a women's empowerment initiative, beyond just access to toilets.

At its core, though, SBM helped redefine the relationship between public health and sanitation. By aiming to deliver universal access to sanitation, SBM has addressed one of the key drivers of malnutrition and poor health - exposure to faecal-oral pathogens. Children are now less vulnerable to recurrent illnesses like diarrhoea. which affects their health and impedes their ability to learn and grow. SBM's impact on child health highlights how improved sanitation is key to broader social progress. The statistics are impressive. Through SBM, over 117 million household toilets were constructed, and more than 600,000 villages were declared open defecation-free (ODF) by





2019. Estimates suggest that SBM averted over 300,000 deaths related to diarrhoeal diseases and malnutrition between 2014 and 2019, by enabling improved sanitation coverage and promotion of safe hygiene practices. A recent analysis of infant and under five mortality data across 640 districts showed that SBM may have averted approximately 60,000-70,000 infant deaths annually. These results would make SBM one of the most important public health interventions in modern India.

Beyond the toilets built and lives saved, SBM's legacy lies in the cultural shift it has sparked. Traditionally, sanitation was a topic shrouded in stigmanot openly discussed households or communities. SBM changed this narrative by turning cleanliness into a public discussion topic and a collective responsibility. It fostered a 'Jan Andolan' where the entire nation, from schoolchildren to village elders, from business leaders to celebrities, came together with a singular vision. This behavioural change was perhaps more challenging to achieve than building infrastructure, but it is also the most enduring. Today, cleanliness and sanitation are woven into the social fabric of communities, and the Jan Andolan construct is being leveraged for many other development priorities.

SBM showcases what determined political leadership, and complete government ownership, combined with community engagement, can collectively achieve.

Countries in the Global South are looking to replicate its success, seeing in SBM a demonstrated blueprint for large-scale, transformative change. Our foundation was privileged to recognise India's sanitation progress by awarding Prime Minister Narendra Modi the Global Goalkeeper Award at the Goalkeepers event in New York in September 2019.

Looking ahead, with rapid urbanisation and environmental degradation, lessons learnt from SBM become even more relevant. The ongoing phase of the sanitation missions, focusing on used water (liquid

waste) management under SBM and AMRUT, signals a continued commitment to addressing urban sanitation challenges. This is critical as Indian cities grow and demand resilient and sustainable infrastructure to handle higher loads, water scarcity, and environmental pollution.

Further, prioritising inclusive sanitation is imperative, so that populations in low-income settlements and disaster-prone areas, can access appropriate sanitation solutions with high-quality service delivery.

In the decade since its inception, the Swachh Bharat Mission has done more than just build toilets—it has built communities, inspired change, fundamentally altered India's trajectory in public health. Its impact, particularly on women and children, is a testament to its broad-reaching success. As it continues to evolve, its core principles of dignity, health, and collective responsibility will inspire nations worldwide, helping create healthier, cleaner, and more inclusive societies.

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Swachh Bharat Mission

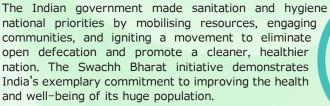
Global Leaders Praise PM Modi's Vision

The Swachh Bharat Mission marked a transformative journey towards a cleaner and healthier India. With the ambitious goal of eradicating open defecation, improving sanitation infrastructure, and promoting hygiene awareness, the mission has become one of the largest cleanliness drives in the world. Over the past decade, it has significantly improved sanitation in rural and urban areas, empowered communities through behavioural change, and enhanced public health outcomes, making cleanliness a national priority. As the mission completes 10 years in 2024, its impact is visible not only in cleaner streets and better health but also in the shift towards a cleanliness-conscious society.

On 2nd October, the 'Swachh Bharat Mission' will complete its 10 years. This is an occasion to congratulate those people who made it such a big mass movement in Indian history. This is also a true tribute to Mahatma Gandhi, who remained dedicated to this cause throughout his life.

PM Modi in his 114th 'Mann ki Baat' address

The Swachh Bharat Mission has become a pioneering initiative, capturing global attention for its scale, impact, and vision. As the mission transformed sanitation and hygiene across India, influential alobal leaders have acknowledged its success in improving public health and living standards. The initiative's reach, which led to the construction of over 110 million toilets and 6 lakh open defecationfree declared villages, has set a benchmark for other nations. Recognising its transformative power, global figures have praised PM Modi's leadership, viewing Swachh Bharat as a model for addressing sanitation challenges worldwide. The mission's success has sparked international conversations about replicating similar large-scale cleanliness drives in other developing regions.



-Dr. Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus, Director General of the World Health Organisation

Ten years ago, the Swachh Bharat Mission launched with a bold vision to transform India through improved sanitation. Today, as we reflect and celebrate the remarkable achievements of this initiative, the World Bank is proud to have been a steadfast partner in this journey. Congratulations to Prime Minister Modi, whose personal leadership and involvement made this bold vision a new reality for India.



Over the last decade, the Swachh Bharat Mission has transformed the lives of millions across India, providing cleaner cities and better sanitation. The Asian Development Bank is proud to have partnered with India on this visionary initiative, supporting it from the very start. I would like to commend Prime Minister Narendra Modi for spearheading this transformational campaign, which has empowered women and the urban poor, improved health, and created new opportunities.

-Masatsugu Asakawa, Asian Development Bank President

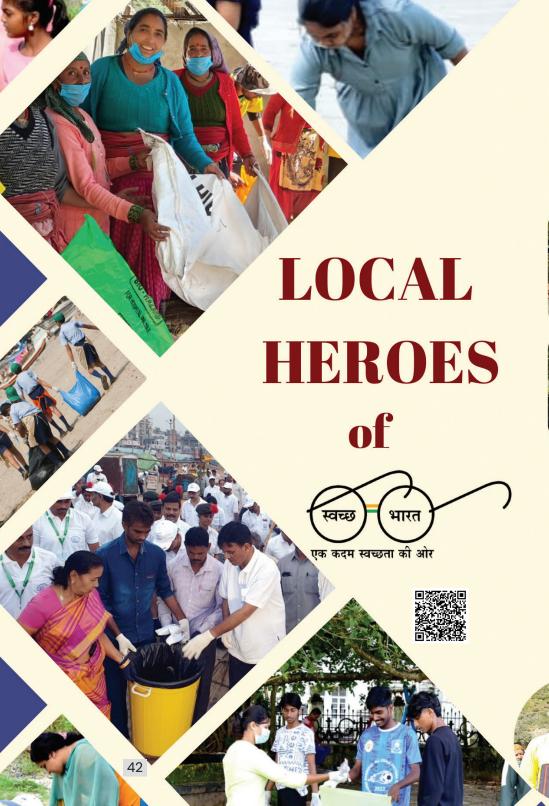
Congratulations to the people of India on Swachh Bharat Day, celebrated on the anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi's birth. Under the leadership of Prime Minister Modi, the Swachh Bharat Mission was launched a decade ago with the ambitious goal of eradicating open defecation across the country. Since then, India has made tremendous strides in improving sanitation and hygiene, installing millions of toilets and building thousands of fecal sludge treatment plants, ensuring safer sanitation for millions. India's approach has become a model for community-driven programs, inspiring and mobilising people across the nation.

-Bill Gates, Microsoft founder









Dhanyavad Prakriti Abhiyan

My dear countrymen, Jhala is a border village in Uttarkashi of Uttarakhand. The youth here have started a special initiative to keep their village clean. They are running a 'Thank you Nature' campaign in their village. Under this, the village is cleaned for two hours every day. The garbage scattered in the streets of the village is collected and dumped at a designated place outside the village. Due to this, Jhala village is also becoming clean and people are also becoming aware. Just imagine, if every village, every street, every locality starts a similar Thank You campaign, then how big a change can come about.

PM Modi in his 114th 'Mann ki Baat' address







The 'Dhanyavad Prakriti Abhiyan' (Thank You Nature) campaign, initiated by the youth of Gram Jhala in Uttarkashi, Uttarakhand, has become a model of community-led cleanliness efforts. Under this initiative, the villagers dedicate two hours daily to cleaning their streets, collecting garbage, and disposing of it at designated areas outside the village. Since its inception in 2020, the Yog Mangal group has played a pivotal role in raising awareness about the importance of sanitation, fostering a sense of responsibility among the residents. Through consistent efforts and the power of social media, this campaign has not only transformed the village but has also inspired broader national engagement.

As part of fulfilling the vision of the Swachh Bharat Mission, 'Dhanyavad Prakriti Abhiyan' by the youth of Gram Jhala was mentioned by Prime Minister Modi in the 114th episode of 'Mann ki Baat'. Since July 8, we have been conducting a cleanliness campaign, building on the efforts we began in 2020. We started this from Gram Sabha Jhala, and with the support of the eight vibrant villages of the Harsil Valley and the Kalpgedar Temple Committee of Gangotri, we are confident of success. They have pledged their full support to expand the Dhanyavad Prakriti Abhiyan throughout the entire Gangotri region.

-Abhishek Rautela, President, Dhanyavad Prakriti Abhiyan, Jhala Village Friends, a massive campaign is being run on the beaches of Puducherry regarding cleanliness. Here a woman named Remya ji is leading a team of youth from Mahe municipality and its surrounding areas. With their efforts, the people of this team are making the Mahe area and especially the beaches there completely clean

PM Modi in his 114th 'Mann ki Baat' address

Remya from Mahe municipality in Puducherry is leading a youth-driven cleanliness initiative to clean up the Mahe beaches and surrounding areas. Remya's initiative, inspired by the Swachh Bharat Mission, started in response to the rising litter and pollution in Mahe. Despite initial challenges, the community's active involvement, especially from local youth and residents, has transformed the area.

The campaign has led to regular clean-up drives, waste segregation practices, and increased community awareness about cleanliness. By actively engaging local youth through volunteer programs and social media, the initiative not only improves the environment but also fosters a lasting culture of cleanliness, serving as a model for other towns.

Being mentioned on a platform like 'Mann ki Baat' by the Prime Minister is a significant recognition. It highlights the importance of the initiative and can inspire more people to engage with it. The inspiration to start the cleanliness drive stemmed from witnessing the growing litter and pollution in our surroundings, which not only affected the beauty of our village but also posed health risks.

Our community has actively contributed to the Swachh Bharat Mission by organising regular clean-up drives, conducting awareness sessions, and collaborating with local authorities for better waste management solutions. Streets that were once littered are now regularly cleaned, and waste segregation practices have been adopted by many households.

The mantra of 'Reduce, Reuse, and Recycle' (Triple R) has become an integral part of our daily lives, promoting sustainable practices that not only benefit the environment but also encourage resourcefulness. People across the country are adopting these principles in various ways.

For example, many households are switching to cloth bags instead of single-use plastics, local artisans are transforming discarded materials into beautiful handicrafts. In cities like Pune and Bengaluru, community-led initiatives encourage

PM Modi in his 114th 'Mann ki Baat' address

Friends, today it is the success of 'Swachh Bharat

Mission' that the mantra of 'Waste to Wealth'

is becoming popular among people. People

have started talking about 'Reduce, Reuse and

Recycle' and giving examples of it. Now I came to

know about a great effort in Kozhikode in Kerala.

Here, 74 year old Subrahamanian ji has repaired

more than 23 thousand chairs and made them

usable again. People also call him 'Reduce, Reuse,

and Recycle' i.e., RRR (Triple R) Champion. These

unique efforts of his can be seen in Kozhikode

Civil Station, PWD and L.C. offices.

residents to separate waste at the source, making recycling more effective.

A shining example of this mantra is 74-year-old Subrahamanian ji from Kozhikode, Kerala, who has repaired over 23,000 chairs, giving them a new lease of life. His remarkable efforts have earned him the title of 'RRR Champion,' inspiring many in his community. Following Prime Minister Modi's mention of his achievements in 'Mann ki Baat', Subrahamanian ji was honured with a reception organised by Anganwadi workers in his village, reflecting the pride and recognition that such sustainable initiatives can bring to individuals and their communities. Let us see how Subrahamanian ji reacted to this recognition from the Prime Minister.

My family and neighbors are very happy and proud about the Prime Minister's mention of me in 'Mann ki Baat'. The Anganwadi workers in my village organised a reception program for me after the broadcast of the show. When a damaged chair is repaired, it can be reused, turning waste into something useful. This type of chair is particularly suitable for people suffering from back pain. After I repair the chairs, the Safai Karmachari collects the waste generated from the repairs, which usually happens once a week. In the past, I used to repair six chairs a day. However, due to my old age, I can now only repair two chairs each day.

Subrahamanian Malayathodi, Kozhikode, Kerala







The Importance of Reclaiming Lost Art and Cultural Heritage



Ratan P. Watal
Chairman, Central Vista
Oversight Committee, Ministry
of Housing and Urban Affairs,
Government of India

Art and culture are vital not just for a country's identity, but for fostering national pride, unity, and respect on a global scale. Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi's efforts to reclaim artefacts taken from India, especially after our Independence, reflect this importance. Artefacts, integral to India's cultural and spiritual heritage, were initially taken out from the subcontinent during colonial times. After independence we lost many priceless pieces due to theft and international smuggling. Their return is not just about restoring physical objects but about reviving a sense of cultural

identity and justice for India.

This priority since 2014 has vielded rich dividends. The policy also aligns with a global movement for the repatriation of cultural artefacts to those who are its rightful inheritors. Since 2014, hundreds of stolen art objects or artefacts taken away and auctioned under questionable circumstances abroad have been returned compared to the insignificant numbers that were returned in the earlier decades. Many of these artefacts were housed in private and public museums abroad but had deep religious and cultural significance for the communities from which they were taken. The return of these treasures is also a form of moral justice and India's wider acceptance as an influencer in the international diplomatic domain. For instance, the return of sculptures like Nataraja and Ardhanarishwara from Australia and the Parrot Lady from Canada set a strong precedent in India's foreign policy, showcasing India's increasing influence in global cultural dialogues.

Since 2014, India has received

numerous treasures, including the Mahishasuramardini idol from Germany and the Uma Parameshwari bronze from Singapore. These items, once stolen or smuggled, have returned to their rightful places on Indian soil, allowing the public to reconnect with their cultural heritage. Several sculptures are currently displayed in the New Parliament Building. Bringing back these artefacts contributes to the preservation of history and a sense of belonging.

These artefacts will also in future enrich the displays in the new Yuga Yugeen Bharat Museum that is being planned in the Central Vista on Raisina Hill in New Delhi. This museum will be bigger than the Louvre Museum in Paris. The Government of India, since the last decade, made a concerted effort to restore the diversity of our cultural heritage

that had been lost due to greed and colonial exploitation. The recent return of artefacts from the USA after the Prime Minister's official visit is a testament to this effort. Such returns of artefacts symbolise a reclamation of India's history and pride, aligning with a broader global push in other countries also.

In conclusion, the return of artefacts is about more than reclaiming physical objectsit represents India's journey towards cultural rejuvenation and historical justice. The endeavours in this regard are laudable, as they restore pride in India's heritage and contribute to a broader global recognition of cultural rights. As India continues to reclaim its lost treasures, the world will increasingly acknowledge and understand its rich culture and history.



The Homecoming!

USA Returns 297 Artefacts to India

My dear countrymen, we are all very proud of our heritage. And I always say 'Development as well as Heritage' Friends, the US government has returned around 300 ancient artefacts to IndiaI am very happy that in the last decade, many such artefacts and many elements of our ancient heritage have been brought back home. I believe that when we are proud of our heritage, the world also respects it...

When it comes to cultural legacy, monuments, artefacts, ancient scripts, etc., form the tangible proof of our heritage. It was in September only that India brought home 297 artefacts from the US, further enriching our already brimming reserve. Let us take a quick glance at the details of a few of them—their history, features, relevance, etc.

PM Modi in his 114th 'Mann ki Baat' address

Did you know?

A total of 578 cultural artefacts have been returned from the US to India since 2016. This is the highest number of cultural artefacts returned to India by any country.





- sandstone sculpture
- from Central India
- belonging to 10-11th century CE
- female figure in graceful tribhanga posture
- adorned with intricate jewelry including crown-like
- headgear and big circular earrings
- notable for detailed craftsmanship and serene
- facial expressions

Jain Tirthankar

- bronze sculpture
- from Central India
- belonging to 15-16th century CE
- statue portrays Jain Tirthankar
- meditating on a high pedestal also includes motifs of deities
- supported by lions and elephants
- depicts religious devotion

Terracotta Vase

- broken single-piece vase
- from Eastern India
- belonging to 3-4th century CE
- intricately decorated with the motifs of elephants,
- a female riding a crocodile, aquatic animals, etc.
- symbolises ancient Indian artistry in pottery

Stone Sculpture

- limestone sculpture
- from South India
- belonging to 1st century BCE-1st century CE
- depicts a turban-clad male standing, accompanied by two women and an elephant rider
- lower section contains a horse's head and a wheel
- notable for its historical significance



Lord Buddha

- standing sandstone sculpture
- from North India
- belonging to 15–16th century CE
- serene figure draped in a flowy robe
- depicts Lord Buddha performing the abhaya mudra symbolises peace and spiritual wisdom



Lord Ganesha

- bronze sculpture
- from South India
- belonging to 17–18th century CE
- four-armed sculpture depicts the deity holding a pasa, tusk, modak and parasu
- noted for its South Indian bronze craftsmanship and religious devotion



Digitisation of the Santhali Language: A Path to Preserving Cultural Identity



Ramjit Tudu Odisha

Santhali language, The spoken by millions across India, Bangladesh, and Nepal, is at risk of decline. The Santhal people, known for their rich oral traditions, have historically shared their cultural values, traditions, and history through storytelling and folk songs. In today's digital age, the preservation of the Santhali language has increasingly shifted to digitisation, which plays a vital role in maintaining the cultural identity of the Santhal community and

ensuring the survival of their linguistic heritage.

The Role of Digitisation in Cultural Preservation

For the Santhal people, language serves as a vital medium for expressing their heritage and worldview. Digitising the Santhali language addresses significant threats such as extinction and marginalisation. This digital transition enables cultural preservation to take a tangible form. The internet facilitates the dissemination language beyond geographical boundaries, with online dictionaries, translation tools, and dedicated Santhali websites standardising documenting the language.

Social media platforms and YouTube also promote Santhali folklore and music, helping younger generations stay connected to their roots amidst the growing influence of dominant languages like Hindi and English. This connection fosters a strong sense of identity and pride within the community.

Developing Typing Techniques in Ol Chiki

The Ol Chiki script, created by Pandit Raghunath Murmu in 1925, transformed the Santhali language by providing it with a written form. However, its integration into digital platforms faced initial hurdles due to the absence of standard fonts and keyboard layouts.

I felt odd at that point because mobile phones and desktops did not support Ol Chiki Unicode. The worst part was that we were unable to express our thoughts properly, as some phonemes cannot be written in other writing systems. This prompted me to conduct quick research and develop an Ol Chiki Unicode font and keyboard layout, which can be used with popular software like NHM Writer, Keyman Keyboard, Keymagic Keyboard, etc. In 2014, there was no Android keyboard in the Play Store that could facilitate input in the Ol Chiki script. However, I found only one keyboard, the C-DAC GIST Keyboard, available on the C-DAC website, which we then popularised within the community. This breakthrough crucial for promoting Santhali literacy in digital spaces. Today, there are online tools, mobile apps, and typing



software that support OI Chiki, making it easier for Santhali speakers to communicate, write, and share content online.

Successful **Initiatives** Promoting the Santhali Language Digitally

The desire to express cultural identity through language led to the formation of OL_CHIKI_ TECH, supported by R. Ashwani Banjan Murmu and Bapi Murmu. Our primary goal was to introduce various digital tools and techniques through a blog, www.olchikidr.blogspot.com,

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where we hosted the SOHAGEE Unicode font, keyboard layout file and other supporting files. To expand the reach, we conducted outreach events in public gatherings within the Santhal community. As a result, modern devices began supporting Ol Chiki. In 2017, volunteers from India, Nepal, and Bangladesh collaboratively contributed to Wikipedia Incubator which went live in August 2018. Now Santhali Wikipedia has 13,000 articles, making it a substantial repository of knowledge. Additionally, in 2020, with my two friends Fagu Baskey and R Aswani Banjan Murmu, we launched BIRMALI, the first literary e-magazine in Santhali, which is freely accessible online through www.birmali.com.

Remaining Challenges in **Promoting Santhali Digitally**

Despite these advancements. several challenges persist in promoting Santhali language. A significant barrier is the lack of digital infrastructure in rural areas where the language is primarily spoken. Limited internet access and low smartphone penetration restrict digital literacy, making it difficult for people to engage with Santhali content. Moreover, very few educational institutions Santhali offer language courses, resulting in a dwindling readership. The scarcity of Santhali-language content on major platforms like Google, Wikipedia, and social media further limits the language's visibility.

The Future of the Santhali Language

The outlook for the Santhali language in the digital age is hopeful but depends on continued efforts to promote digital literacy and expand content creation. Future developments are expected to include more educational materials, books, and cultural resources in Santhali available online. As digital infrastructure improves and more community members gain internet access, the digital space will become increasingly vital for language learning, communication, and cultural pride.

Collaboration between entities, government tech companies, and the Santhali community is crucial overcoming existing challenges. By enhancing digital access and creating new content, the Santhali language can not only survive but thrive, empowering the Santhal people to preserve their unique cultural identity in a rapidly modernising world.

Ayurvedic Medical Treatment

Gateway to Global Medical Tourism in India

My dear friends, you must have seen there are some people around us who do not lose patience in any adversity; rather, they learn from it. Subashree, one such lady, with her efforts, has created a wonderful garden of rare and very useful herbs... Today people come from far and wide to see her herbal garden.

-Prime Minister Narendra Modi (in 'Mann ki Baat' address)

"Ayurveda is a pro-nature system of medicine that advocates for a holistic, personalised approach to treatment rather than disease-centric. It is derived from unbiased experiential learnings gathered after years of observation and differs from the modern system of medicine, which rides on the rigours of research-based evidence."

-Manoranjan Sahu Former Dean, Ayurveda Faculty, IMS, Varanasi and former Director, AllA, New Delhi

Ayurveda, one of India's ancient legacies, is emerging in a new form in the global healthcare scenario today. Ayurveda is not just a medical system but a holistic approach to life, emphasising harmony among body, mind and spirit. This unique system of Ayurvedic therapy has carved its distinct niche in health and medical services in India and worldwide. The most prominent example is India's fast-emerging global medical tourism, in which Ayurveda plays an important

Ayurveda originated in India thousands of years ago. It accords importance to the balance of the three doshas of the body – Vata (water and fire), Pitta (air and space), and Kapha (earth and water). Various diseases are caused by their imbalance. The main objective of Ayurvedic medicine is to restore this balance in the body and prevent various diseases by improving the lifestyle.

This medicine system employs medicinal herbs, panchakarma (5 procedures), yoga, meditation, and dietary guidelines, which promote internal cleansing, mental peace,

and longevity. This approach not only heals the body but also focuses on cognitive and emotional health, making it a holistic medicine system.

Role of Ayurveda in Global Medical Tourism

India is considered the birthplace of Ayurvedic medicine. This is why India is becoming an important destination for medical tourism today. Every year, millions of people worldwide visit India to gain health benefits from Ayurvedic medical treatment. This process is medical tourism, where people visit other countries to benefit from health services.

One of the main reasons for the popularity of Ayurvedic treatment is that it provides treatment without side effects. It provides natural remedies for ailments like heart diseases, diabetes, obesity, depression, and skin disease. Along with

this, Ayurvedic treatment not only cures the disease but also provides preventive care for diseases and improves lifestyle, which makes it ideal for Global Medical Tourism.

Ayurvedic Treatment Centres in India

Several well-known Ayurvedic centres and resorts in India provide top-quality Ayurvedic medical services. There are prominent Ayurvedic treatment centres in states like Kerala, Goa, Himachal Pradesh, Rajasthan, and Uttarakhand. Foreign tourists visit these states, especially for panchakarma, body cleansing, and Yogameditation sessions. Kerala is especially known as the 'land of Ayurveda,' where traditional Ayurvedic treatments and medical procedures are extremely popular among foreign tourists.

Easy availability and lowcost Ayurvedic medical services



have made India a major tourist attraction in the world today.

International recognition and challenges

International recognition of Ayurveda is increasing rapidly. Many Western countries are now incorporating Ayurvedic medicines into their healthcare systems. Demand for Ayurvedic products and treatments is growing in countries like the USA, Australia and Europe. Besides, many research and scientific studies are also being conducted on Ayurvedic therapy. This is an apparent proof of its effectiveness and popularity.

Despite the widespread adoption of Ayurvedic medical treatment, there are some challenges too. The biggest challenge is the lack of standardisation. The quality and procedures of different medical centres vary. This may

pose a difficult choice for foreign tourists to avail the right medical centre. Besides, there is a need to strengthen the scientific proof of Ayurvedic treatment internationally so that it can be incorporated entirely into the global medical system.

Ayurveda, one of India's most ancient traditions, provides an excellent opportunity for India to participate in global medical tourism today. Its naturopathic practices, treatment without side effects and outlook for lifestyle improvement are attracting people worldwide. India can become a global medical tourism hub by developing its Ayurvedic heritage in the right direction. It will be appropriate to mention that there is a great potential for India to emerge as a global leader in the health and medicine sector through Ayurveda.



How Ayurveda can Complement Modern Healthcare



Manoranjan Sahu Former Dean, Ayurveda Faculty, IMS, Varanasi and former Director, AllA, New Delhi

With the evolving sociocultural economic, and geographical dynamics population, the current scenario of healthcare needs in India is gradually seeing a shift from communicable and infectious diseases to noncommunicable and lifestylerelated disorders like diabetes. cardiovascular cancer, diseases, age-related issues, etc. This phenomenon will further enhance in many folds as our nation is changing rapidly from a developing to a developed country. Therefore, the future of healthcare will be more focused on preventive and promotive aspects of health, and Ayurveda with Yoga can play a vital role in achieving this goal as it emphasises a healthy diet and nutrition (aahara), appropriate individual conduct (vihaara) according to daily (dinacharyaa) and seasonal regimes (ritucharyaa), and the implementation of external and internal purification measures (panchkarma).

Ayurveda а pronature system of medicine that advocates for a holistic, personalised approach to treatment rather than disease-centric. It is derived from unbiased experiential learnings gathered after years of observation and differs from the modern system of medicine, which rides on the rigours of research-based evidence. However, an integration of the modern system of medicine and modern scientific tools and techniques can improve the acceptability and applicability of the principles and practices of Ayurveda in this era.



There are many successful examples where an integration of Ayurveda with contemporary medical science has been more effective. The National Resource Centre of Anorectal Diseases at Banaras Hindu University is one such example. Established in 2013 with the support of the Ministry of AYUSH, the centre is one of its kind that extends high-quality services for various anorectal diseases based on the principles and practices of Sushruta. The centre has re-established and validated the ancient surgical technique Ksharasutra therapy for the management of complex anal fistulas by integrating with modern techniques and multiple clinical trials. The procedure being effective with less failure and complications is now accepted by many modern surgeons in our country as well as abroad. Because of this unique nature of treatment, the centre is privileged to serve the highest number of patients than any other centre in the country. Integrated Cancer Treatment & Research Centre, located in Wagholi, Pune, is another organisation that has successfully taken care of thousands of cancer patients for the past two decades by an integrated approach. The centre is equipped with all advanced facilities like surgery, cancer chemotherapy, and radiation therapy, along with Ayurveda treatment for the management of cancer. With their integrated approach, cancer treatment has become more effective by reducing the adverse effects of chemotherapy and radiotherapy and providing a better quality of life even to terminally ill cancer patients. There are other such

centres like the Institute of Applied Dermatology, Kerala that are using integrated models of treatment for the effective management of elephantiasis (gross swelling of limbs because of filariasis) and other lymphedemas.

Apart from integrating with the modern system of medicine, an integration of science and technology with Ayurveda can further improve healthcare delivery. It can improve the drug delivery system, enhance the shelf-life of drugs, and improve the patient acceptability of Ayurveda drugs. A recent joint scientific work from the Faculty of Ayurveda and IIT, BHU, in the field of wound care is a significant example in this regard. Panchavalkala compound formulation of barks of five plants) is an important traditional drug used in Ayurveda in the form of fresh decoction for wound management. The team has been successful in developing biodegradable polymerbased dressing material from Panchavalkala so that the drug delivery at the wound site is prolonged. It has also lessened the frequency of changing the dressing, thus reducing the pain and discomfort to the patient and the cost of dressing. Also, the process of wound healing becomes much faster with such products than with many conventional wound dressings available today. Promoting such innovations can also reduce the import of costly dressing materials from foreign countries.

Therefore, to attain the goal of equitable, affordable, accountable and quality healthcare services, a judicial integration of Ayurveda with modern science and medicine will be the best model to cater to the healthcare needs of the population in a more cost-effective and holistic way.



WAVES Challenges: Empowering Creativity, Fostering Opportunity



Biren Ghose President, ABAI

I served as a part of the National AVGC taskforce, which has over the last few years authored and evangelised the industry's roadmap. This was the outcome of a truly successful collaboration between 4 ministries, 2 trade bodies, 1 consulting group and working groups across education, skills, games, industry and innovation.

The outcome of this has resulted in a national momentum steered by the Ministry of Information & Broadcasting (MoIB).

India's Animation, Visual Effects, Games & Comics + Extended Reality (AVGC-XR) sector is empowered by a diverse and skilled workforce, which blends technical expertise and creativity. Fuelled by our national bounty of nuanced creative acumen, today India is poised to enhance our entertainment prowess on the global stage.

We are further propelled by the Honourable Prime Minister of India, Shri Narendra Modi ji's clarion call to make this a 'soft-power' for India and his endorsement provides further impetus to build on the newly launched theme of 'Create in India' as a global initiative.

We are all incredibly

enthused that the decision by Ministry of Information and Broadcasting will take this Create in India Mission to new heights and showcased at the upcoming World Audio Visual Entertainment Summit (WAVES) in 2025.

WAVES is a mega event and is all set to bring the global Media & Entertainment (M&E) industry to India. The government, industry and academia have all joined hands and we are working to set the stage for this maiden edition.

Fostering partnerships
between industry and academia
will be essential for innovative
research and development,
pushing the boundaries of
what's possible in AVGC-XR. The
challenges under the 'Create
in India Challenge - Season 1'
will encourage and empower
the future workforce of nation
building with a strong focus

and identify the best of the best among them to create worldclass creative professionals and students in India.

From Gaming, VFX,
Animation and Comics to
Broadcast, Radio, Generative AI
and beyond, these challenges
will mobilise a grassroots
uprising to make this campaign
a success.

Companies and trade associations have come together to spread the underlying message for WAVES 2025 across all regions of the country. These challenges are purported to create talent



pools in the specific sectors across both content creation and technology. This, in turn, requires ardent protection and safeguards for content security given new technologies, for which CII has taken up the mantle with the 'Anti-Piracy Challenge', under which participants will develop tools & technology and propose initiatives to combat piracy and safeguard creative content and digital assets.

WAVES WORLD AUDIO WE SHITERFAILING Each challenge is curated specifically mobilise thousands of Indians in every 'nook and corner' of the country to spotlight every facet of

AVGC-XR and help excellence 'bubble up to the top' while being able to present at WAVES on a 'world stage' for the finals.

At ABAI - the Karnataka based pioneering trade association for the AVGC-XR industry, we have launched a national initiative called 'WAFX Challenge,' with a "call to action" to all budding Visual Effects artists to create stunning VFX masterpieces - the completion Theme is-"A Daily Life Superhero".

The creative sector is undergoing a remarkable transformation, with technological advancements and increasingly cutting-edge immersive content augmenting consumer experiences. we enter this new economy, imagery and storytelling

> are moving beyond TV and films into museums, airports and across public spaces. This will foster innovation and encourage

new skills based talent and provide diverse employment opportunities to 'Create In and From India'.

WAVES is a game-changer: the developed world sees M&E as 1-3% of their GDP. In a story rich land like ours, with our cultural vibrancy, India's M&E revenues are about 0.5% of our

GDP. The solution to bridge this difference lies in increasing our distribution infrastructure, ensuring that we benefit rights holders by plugging any piracy, by leveraging the huge global Indian diaspora and by building story franchises and universes of Indian origin which 'charms' the world in a manner that Hollywood has done in the past. These are among the key objectives and priorities for WAVES.

As we look at cementing India's position in the ever-dynamic global M&E landscape, as well as the AVGC-XR business, are full of optimism that WAVES will help accelerate creativity, innovation, and impact business globally.

We are grateful to the PM, PMO and Ministry of Information & Broadcasting for

listening to the industry's 'Mann ki Baat' and articulating how 'Create in India' can be the global opportunity whose time has come.

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INDIA

A New Frontier for Creators Across the Creative Spectrum

India is emerging as a major hub for cost-effective, high-quality content development. The World Audio Visual & Entertainment Summit (WAVES) aims to promote discussions, collaboration, and innovation within the media and entertainment (M&E) industry, propelling India onto the global stage. With Prime Minister Narendra Modi's endorsement of WAVES and the 'Create in India Challenge,' creators across the country are inspired to contribute to India's growing creator economy. Industry leaders and association heads have also expressed optimism about PM Modi's support, as highlighted in his September 'Mann ki Baat' address.

September 'Mann ki Baat' address.

The WAVES Challenges offer immense potential for India's electronic industry, especially in AI, esports, and digital media. With its rapidly growing gaming market, India is becoming a global leader. Animation plays a crucial role in enhancing player engagement and immersion. The AVGC industry is expanding rapidly, projected to reach \$6.8 billion by 2026. WAVES Esports Championship (WESC) is one of the key challenges under the 'Create in India Challenge – Season 1.' The creator economy has the potential to create significant employment opportunities in India. Initiatives like WAVES can contribute to the growth of esports in India through various strategies. Prime Minister Narendra Modi's endorsement of WAVES can inspire and mobilise the creative community of the country.



Lokesh SujiDirector- Esports Federation of India, VP- Asian Electronic Sports Federation

WAVES is a platform that aims to democratise creativity in India. It offers a chance for citizens to participate and showcase their talents in various forms, such as music, dialects, and storytelling. By identifying and promoting local creativity, WAVES can contribute to economic growth and cultural exchange. The initiative has received recognition from Prime Minister Narendra Modi, which signals India's openness to the global creative community and investment. WAVES serves as a local platform for Indian creators to reach the global stage, similar to what IPL did for Indian cricket.



Blaise J Fernandes
President, The Indian
Music Indutsry

The WAVES Challenges are designed to inspire students to explore filmmaking and other creative disciplines as part of their education. Although India has immense creative talent, formal education in filmmaking is not yet part of the high school curriculum. WAVES will not only encourage students to undertake creative projects but also introduce them to various career paths within the media and entertainment industry. By mainstreaming creative and performing arts, these challenges will elevate the importance of media-related skills in students' minds, aligning with India's 'Create in India' mission. This initiative also highlights the country's vast cultural heritage, empowering Indian creators to share it globally.



Chaitanya Chinchlikar Vice President, Whistling Woods International

IAMAI is partnering with the MIB on three WAVES challenges: AI Art, Reel Making, and Explorer. These offer creators and technologists a platform to showcase their work and contribute to India's 'Make in India' and 'Atmanirbhar Bharat' initiatives. WAVES Explorer, focusing on tourism and cultural exchange, aligns perfectly with these goals. Governmentbacked initiatives like WAVES are crucial for talent development in India. Prime Minister Narendra Modi's endorsement of WAVES in his 'Mann ki Baat' address has significantly boosted the initiative. inspiring creators to participate and strengthening India's position as a hub for homegrown talent and innovation. WAVES underscores the MIB's drive to propel India's creative talent globally by showcasing the richness of Indian culture and innovation through original and quality content.



Dr. Subho RayPresident- Internet and

Mobile Association of India

The WAVES challenges promote creativity and innovation in AVGC, broadcasting, and digital media, fostering collaboration, talent growth, and tech adoption. They support the Make in India and Atmanirbhar Bharat initiatives by boosting local talent and creating global export opportunities. WAVES provides a platform for showcasing talent, encouraging skill development, and driving sustainable models. Prime Minister Modi's mention in 'Mann ki Baat' elevates the initiative, enhancing national recognition, entrepreneurship, and institutional support, positioning India's creative talent on the global stage.



Siddharth Jain Secretary General- Indian Broadcasting & Digital Foundation



Crafting Cultural Confidence

'Make in India' Campaign Paves Way for Quality Indian Products

My dear countrymen, this month marks the culmination of 10 years of another important campaign. The success of this campaign includes the contribution of the country's big industries as well as small shopkeepers. I am talking about 'Make in India'. Today, it gives me immense joy to see that the poor, the middle class, and MSMEs are getting a lot of benefit from this campaign.

-Prime Minister Narendra Modi (in 'Mann ki Baat' address)

"In 2014, under the visionary leadership of Prime Minister Narendra Modi, the 'Make in India' (MII) initiative was launched...Over the past decade, it has not only galvanised GDP growth and employment but has also positioned the nation as an emerging global manufacturing powerhouse. From textiles and electronics to automobiles, aviation, renewable energy, and defence, India's manufacturing sectors have surged ahead."

-Pankaj Mohindroo Chairman, India Cellular & Electronics Association (ICEA)

As stated by PM Narendra Modi, "...the country is narrating the success saga of the 'Make in India' campaign." However, it is more than just a government initiative to boost manufacturing. Launched in 2014, 'Make in India' is a celebration of India's cultural heritage and an affirmation of its potential on the global stage. At its core, the campaign aims to transform India into a global manufacturing hub, but its cultural implications resonate deeply, fostering a renewed sense of pride in Indian craftsmanship, innovation and entrepreneurship.

Reviving Traditional Industries

One of the most significant aspects of the 'Make in India' campaign is its emphasis on reviving and promoting traditional Indian industries. From textiles to pottery, handloom to metalwork, the campaign has encouraged artisans and craftsmen to showcase their skills. By integrating these traditional practices with modern manufacturing techniques, 'Make in India' honours the rich tapestry of Indian culture while simultaneously making it relevant in today's economy. This not only creates jobs but also helps sustain and revive local cultures and crafts that have been passed down through generations.

Innovation and Entrepreneurship

The campaign promotes a spirit of innovation, encouraging young entrepreneurs to harness their creativity and cultural heritage in new and exciting ways. Startups that focus on indigenous products and sustainable practices are gaining traction, illustrating how cultural pride can drive economic growth. As PM Modi said, "This campaign has provided an opportunity to people of every class to showcase their talent.

Today, India has become a manufacturing powerhouse, and it is because of the youth power of the country that the whole world is looking up to us." Companies are now creating contemporary designs inspired by traditional motifs, merging heritage with modern aesthetics. This not only appeals to domestic consumers but also attracts international markets eager for authentic Indian products.

Global Presence with Local Identity

'Make in India' also aims to establish a strong global presence for Indian products, advocating for the 'Vocal for Local' mantra. This push encourages consumers to support local brands, which









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are often steeped in cultural significance. By promoting local goods, the campaign fosters a sense of community and identity, reinforcing the idea that every purchase contributes to the preservation of cultural heritage. When consumers buy Indianmade products, they are not just making a purchase, they are participating in a larger narrative of national pride and identity. As mentioned by PM Modi, "More than 50 Self Help Groups are working to preserve the 'Bhandara Tussar Silk'. Women have a huge participation in that. This silk is fast becoming empowering popular and local communities...and that is the spirit of the 'Make in India' campaign."

Cultural Diplomacy

Furthermore, the 'Make in India' campaign serves as

a tool for cultural diplomacy. showcasing Indian craftsmanship and innovation at international trade fairs and expos, the initiative allows India to present its cultural richness to the world. This enhances India's soft power, establishing it as a nation that values its heritage while being forward-thinking and dynamic. Events like the 'India International Trade Fair' have become platforms for artisans to connect with global audiences, sharing their stories and skills.

Educational Initiatives

The campaign also emphasises the importance of education and vocational training, vital for nurturing the next generation of manufacturers and entrepreneurs. Various initiatives aim to educate youth about traditional arts, crafts,

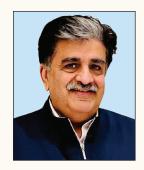


and manufacturing processes, instilling a sense of pride in their cultural roots. This education not only fosters skill development but also encourages young people to innovate within the framework of their cultural heritage, creating a bridge between past and future.

In conclusion, the 'Make in India' campaign is a multifaceted initiative that transcends economic goals. It celebrates cultural heritage, revives traditional industries, and calls for innovation and entrepreneurship. By intertwining this heritage with modern manufacturing, 'Make in India' fosters a sense of national identity, encourages community support for local industries, and enhances India's global presence. As India continues to carve its path in the global economy, the cultural essence embedded in the 'Make in India' campaign plays a crucial role in shaping its narrative for the future.

The campaign promotes a spirit of innovation, encouraging entrepreneurs young harness their creativity and cultural heritage in new and exciting ways. Startups that focus on indigenous products and sustainable practices are gaining traction, illustrating how cultural pride can drive economic growth. As Narendra Modi said, "This campaign has provided an opportunity to people of every class to showcase their talent. Today, India has become a manufacturing powerhouse, and it is because of the youth power of the country that the whole world is looking up to us." Companies are now creating contemporary designs inspired by traditional motifs, merging heritage with modern aesthetics. This not only appeals to domestic consumers but also attracts international markets eager for authentic Indian products.

Reflecting on a Decade of Make in India: Reviving Our Manufacturing Future



Pankaj Mohindroo Chairman, India Cellular & Electronics Association (ICEA)

"लहरों से डरकर नौका पार नहीं होती,

कोशिश करने वालों की कभी हार नहीं होती"

-हरिवंश राय बच्चन

India's economic journey has been marked by ambition, resilience and transformation. After liberalising the economy in 1991 from the crutches of excessive regulations, we emerged as a global leader in IT

and ITES services. However, we missed a crucial opportunity in manufacturing—a sector that has generated immense job opportunities and propelled many competing nations to significant economic prosperity.

In 2014, under the visionary leadership of Prime Minister Narendra Modi, the 'Make in India' (MII) initiative was launched. Symbolised by the majestic Bengal Tiger, this initiative roared onto the global stage, declaring India's readiness to lead and innovate. Over the past decade, it has not only galvanised GDP growth and employment but has also positioned the nation as an emerging global manufacturing powerhouse. From textiles and electronics to automobiles. aviation, renewable energy, and defence, India's manufacturing sectors have surged ahead.

What makes MII unique is our democratic framework ensuring transparency and accountability. Our young and dynamic workforce offers a significant demographic dividend. With a projected GDP growth between 6.5-7% in 2024-

25, India's robust constitutional values and stable political, policy, and legal systems provide a favourable business environment.

A further fillip in the form of the ingenious PLI schemes in 14 key industries has helped India establish itself as a trusted partner, showcasing resiliency and integrating into the Global Value Chains (GVCs).

Global market integration is essential for sustainable economic growth. Approximately 70% of global trade is linked to GVCs, where different stages of production are located across various countries. In the mobile phone and electronics sector, this figure is even higher, with almost all trade connected to GVCs. Recognising this, India has made concerted efforts to integrate its industries into these global networks, enhancing efficiency, technology transfer, and market access.

India's electronics industry has benefitted significantly, with manufacturing increasing 5 times to Rs 9,52,000 crores in 2023-24, primarily driven by mobile phones. Exports have also seen exponential growth, with electronics exports rising to Rs 2,41,157

crores in 2023-24, and

mobile phone exports reaching Rs 1,29,000 crores, marking a remarkable transformation that underscores India's growing prominence in the global market. The sector now employs about 15 lakh people directly and almost 60 lakhs indirectly.

The domestic auto-components industry has also been able to expand by supplying parts and components globally, growing at around 10% to clock the highest-ever turnover of US Dollar 74.1 Billion and exporting over US Dollar 21.2 Billion.

Boosted by the Ease of Doing Business (EoDB) initiatives to reduce regulations, promote single-window clearances, and minimal procedures, coupled with the intensive worldwide outreach led by the



Hon'ble Prime Minister himself, companies have built some of the largest factories in India, employing a large number of workers.

These achievements stem from a conducive policy environment - enabled by a 'Whole of Government' and close approach collaboration between industry and key government ministries.

The Prime Minister has laid out an ambitious vision of Viksit Bharat- making India into a 'Developed Economy' by 2047 where the manufacturing industry holds strategic importance - contributing over 25% to GDP. India's focus now is to



deeply integrate with GVCs, set up large-scale manufacturing units, and increase domestic value addition with a key emphasis on exports. This requires streamlining policies and initiatives across all levels to foster economic prosperity, technological advancement, and sustainable developments.

To elevate our global technological position, we must enhance MII by integrating innovation and design moving beyond assembly to become a hub for cuttingedge product development intellectual and property creation. Manufacturing alone is not sufficient; by fostering an environment that encourages R&D, we can enhance our value proposition in the global market. By nurturing 'Make and Design in India', we aim to nurture robust hardware and software leveraging ecosystems, advanced technologies like Al, Machine Learning, and Blockchain to revolutionise product design and create innovative business models.

Let the initiative of MII and Aatmanirbhar Bharat be our guiding light as we move forward—to elevate India's manufacturing prowess to such heights that we shape not just our own destiny but the future of the global economy.

'Ek Ped Maa ke Naam'



K.N. Rajasekhar Telangana

"Friends, when there's a confluence of our strong resolve and collective participation, it leads to amasing results for the entire society. Its most recent example is 'Ek Ped Maa ke Naam' - this was an amasing campaign; such an example of public participation is truly inspiring..."

-Prime Minister Narendra Modi (in 'Mann ki Baat' address)

One such inspiration is a nature lover, from the Bhadradri Kothagudem district, Rajasekhar, who took up the 'fifteen days plantation activity', planting over 1,500 saplings.

Interview of KN Rajasekhar on inspiration behind planting one tree a day, community involvement and support in the campaign.

What inspired you to start planting trees daily and how did the idea for the campaign come about?

My name is Kotturi Nurvi

Rajasekhar. Many call me Mokkala Rajasekhar. I am working as a fitter at Singareni Central Workshop at Kothagudem (Telangana). My father K. Pandu was the first inspiration for me to become a nature lover. When I was 11 years old in the 1980s, my father explained to me the benefits of the plants and this inspired me to take up the plantation activity. Some of the trees planted by my father have become big and are giving me fruits. I would like to inform all that the trees planted now will benefit all of us in the future.

Planting over 1,500 saplings is an extraordinary achievement. What challenges did you face while maintaining this commitment?

Many people humiliated me, when I took up the plantation activity. This happened when I would travel by bike with plants. They used to question me, saying why are you doing the plantation every day? But, I never felt bad for their words as I have been doing this activity for Mother Nature. I always wanted my good intentions to be known to the people who were humiliating me. And this was realised when Honourable

Prime Minister Narendra Modi ji took my name in the 114th 'Mann ki Baat'. Now all these people, who used to humiliate me, are appreciating me and they are coming forward in the plantation activity.

Even after facing a mishap, you continued your mission. How did you stay motivated during such a difficult time?

I faced many hurdles during the 1563 days of plantation activity. Due to a road accident, I got an injury in my stomach. And during this time my family members also became ill. I also faced financial difficulties. Despite all of this, I continued the



plantation activity with the help of my family and friends who are also nature lovers. I have taken selfies and videos while planting saplings.

In your opinion, how can individuals contribute more to environmental conservation?

Everyone who is interested in environmental protection is planting saplings. Whether it is a nature lover or anyone...It is good to plant saplings. Because it is the plant which provides us oxygen...it is the plant which provides fruits and vegetables, it is the plant which gives us shade, it is the plant which gives us herbal medicines. It also stops soil erosion. It is a plant which brings rain. So, everybody should take up plantation like a movement and I feel happy to save nature.

How did you feel upon being featured in the 'Mann ki Baat' program alongside other inspiring initiatives?

Honourable Prime Minister has recognised 'service to nature' and my efforts. He mentioned me in the 114th episode of 'Mann ki Baat'. It is a memorable day. I am so blessed that my name was mentioned by him. My wife, daughter, relatives, Singareni

employees, and all nature lovers congratulated me on the Prime Minister taking my name in MKB. He has made the entire world aware of my efforts. Thank you so much.

In your opinion, what role does 'Mann ki Baat' play in motivating individuals to engage in environmental conservation and social initiatives?

Prime Minister Narendra Modi has taken up a novel programme that no other prime minister has done. 'Mann ki Baat' is very useful as it is taking many schemes of the government to the people. Not only that, those who have made special contribution to society, right from those who are in the top position to the poor, were brought to the limelight through 'Mann ki Baat'. People are getting motivated. Besides, the PM has initiated so many programmes for society, like the Swachh Bharat, International Day of Yoga, etc. He launched Ayushman Bharat to bring qualitative medicare to people at an affordable cost. He has launched so many programs. As a result, people are getting benefits.



MANN KI BAAT

Media Scan



On behalf of @BJP4TamilNadu, we thank our Hon PM Thiru modi avl for appreciating the noble efforts of Smt Subashree avl of Madurai through #MannKiBaat today. She had been growing medicinal herbs and helping hundreds of people with remedies for their ailments

Heartiest wishes to Smt Subashree avl.





हर क्षेत्र में नई ऊंचाइयों को छूता मध्यप्रदेश जल संरक्षण की दिशा में भी प्रयास हो रहे विशेष

यशस्वी प्रधानमंत्री श्री @narendramodi जी ने #MannKiBaat के 114वें एपिसोड में #मध्यप्रदेश में "मजल_संरक्षण को लेकर किए जा रहे विशेष प्रयासों और #एक_पेड़_माँ_के_नाम अभियान में देश के हृदय प्रदेश की सशक्त भागीदारी की सराहना

@DrMohanVaday51

#DrMohanYadav #CMMadhyaPradesh #MadhyaPradesh





खादी ग्रामोद्योग लगातार नए कीर्तिमान स्थापित कर रहा है!

माननीय प्रधानमंत्री श्री @narendramodi जी ने #MannKiBaat कार्यक्रम के दौरान स्वदेशी अपनाने की अपील की थी. जिसके परिणामस्वरूप #Gandhi Javanti के दिन नई दिल्ली के कनॉट प्लेस स्थित खादी भवन में सिर्फ एक दिन में 2 करोड़ रुपये से अधिक के ज्वादी उत्पाद विके।





rendramodi जी ने आज 'मन की बात' कार्यक्रम में संधाली भाषा का उल्लेख किया। यह हमारे जनजातीय समुदायों की भाषा है और झारखंड, ओड़िशा, बंगाल समेत कई राज्यों में बोली जाती है।

Digital India के माध्यम से संथाली भाषा और संथाली साहित्य को लोकप्रिय बनाने एवं जन-जन तक पहुंचाने के लिए मयूरभंज, ओडिशा के रामजीत टुड़ का कार्य हर किसी के लिए प्रेरणादाई है। उनके अभूतपूर्व कार्य की बदौलत आज लाखों लोग संथाली साहित्य से जड़ रहे हैं। उनके प्रयासों को देशवासियों के समक्ष सराहना करने के लिए प्रधानमंत्री जी को धन्यवाद देता हूँ। मातृभाषा को बढ़ावा देने के लिए माननीय प्रधानमंत्री जी के नेतृत्व में भारत सरकार भी अनेक पहल कर रही है। आइए, हम सभी देशवासी मिलकर देश की महान संस्कृति को संजोए रखने वाली सभी मातृभाषाओं के प्रचार-प्रसार के लिए अपनी बहुमूल्य सहभागिता सुनिश्चित करें।





अमेरिका की मेरी यात्रा के दौरान, अमेरिकी सरकार ने भारत की करीब 300 प्राचीन कलाकितयां तापस लौटाई।

लौटाई गईं कलाकृतियां Terracotta, Stone, हाथी के दांत, लकड़ी, तांबा और कांसे जैसी चीजों से बनी हुई हैं। इनमें से कई तो चार हजार साल पुरानी हैं।

मुझे इस बात की बहुत खुशी है, पिछले एक दशक में ऐसी कई कलाकृतियों और प्राचीन धरोहरों की घर वापसी हुई है।

पीएम श्री नरेंद्र मोदी

narendramodi @JPNadda @AmitShah @blsanthosh @myogiadityanatl @idharampalsingh @pmoindia @BJP4India @BJP4UP #MannKiBaat





जब हमारे दृढ़ संकल्प के साथ सामृहिक भागीदारी का संगम होता है तो पूरे समाज के लिए अद्भुत नतीजे सामने आते हैं। इसका सबसे ताज़ा उदाहरण है 'एक पेड़ मां के नाम': माननीय प्रधानमंत्री श्री @narendramodi जी

> महिम का कठोर व्रत की तरह

वो १५०० से ज्यादा पौधे लगा चके हैं।

शिकार होने के बाद भी वे अपने संकल्प से दिये नहीं। उदाहरण सामने आते रहते हैं। ऐसा ही एक उदाहरण है



b लिए अद्भुत नतीजे सामने आते हैं। 'एक पेड मां के नाम'-

तेलंगाना के के,एन,राजशेखर जी का। पेड लगाने के लिए उनकी प्रतिबद्धता हम सब के हैरान कर देती है । करीब चार साल पहले उन्होंने पेड़ लगाने की मुहिम शुरू की । उन्होंने तय किया ये अभियान अदभुत अभियान रहा, जन-भागीदारी का ऐसा उदाहरण वाकई बहुत प्रेरित करने वाला है । पर्यावर कि हर रोज एक पेड जरूर लगाएगें। नंरक्षण को लेकर शरू किये गए इस अभियान में देश के

12:31 PM · Sep 29, 2024 · 2.137 Views



Create in India - A wonderful opportunity for the creators - Hon PM Shri

#MannKiBaat

@PMOIndia @MIB India



12:11 PM · Sep 29, 2024 · 5,194 Views



आज दिल्ली स्थित महिपालपुर में आदरणीय प्रधानमंत्री श्री @nai MannKiBaat कार्यक्रम के 114वें संस्करण को भाजपा कार्यकर्ताओं के साथ सुना।

मोदी जी ने इस अवसर पर जल संरक्षण, भाषाओं के संवर्धन, स्वच्छता, समाज निर्माण में मीडिया की भूमिका, देशभर में विभिन्न लोगों के द्वारा किए जा रहे सकारात्मक प्रयासों आदि के संदर्भ में विस्तृत चर्चा की।

इस कार्यक्रम के 10वर्ष पूर्ण हो रहे हैं। प्रधानमंत्री जी का यह आत्मीय संवाद देशभर में बड़े परिवर्तनों की पहल बना है। सामाजिक-आर्थिक विमर्श हो या रुपांतरणकारी प्रयास 'मन की बात' के प्रोत्साहन से राष्ट्रव्यापी हुए हैं।



2:37 PM · Sep 29, 2024 · 9,316 Views



मा. पंतप्रधान नरेंद्र मोदीजींकडन 'भंडारा टसर सिल्क' या वस्त्रोद्योगातील परातन परंपरेचा आवर्जुन उल्लेख, स्थानिक महिलांना रोजगार देणारी ही परंपरा 'व्होकल फॉर लोकल' तसेच #MyProductMyPride चे उत्तम उदाहरण असल्याचं सांगत मा. पंतप्रधानांकडन गौरव.

(मन की बात | 29-9-2024) #MannKiBaat #VocalforLoca





ICEA ANSWERS HON'BLE PRIME MINISTER'S CALL FOR CREATING IN

In association with the @MIB_India, @ICEA_India is pleased to organize the "TruthTell Hackathon" to create technological solutions that can help tackle the growing problem of fake news.

Under the 'Create in India Challenge' in the run-up to the World Audio Visual and Entertainment Summit (WAVES) Summit 2025, this Hackathon aims to utilize the potential of Artificial Intelligence (AI) to empower broadcasters to deliver reliable information to the masses and

Hon'ble Prime Minister Shri @narendramodi Ji also invited people to join this challenge through his latest "#MannkiBaat" on 29th September



आज केंद्रीय संस्कृत विश्वविद्यालय, रघुनाथ कीर्ति परिसर देवप्रयाग में अध्यापकों, विद्यार्थियों व स्थानीय जनों के साथ आदरणीय प्रधानमंत्री श्री @narendramodi जी के लोकप्रिय रेडियो कार्यक्रम 'मन की बात' को सुनते हुए।

'मन की बात' कार्यक्रम के माध्यम से प्रधानमंत्री मोदी जी ने आम नागरिकों के साथ संवाद स्थापित कर राष्ट्र निर्माण में उन्हें भागीदार बनाया है। 'मन की बात' कार्यक्रम सदैव हम सभी को राष्ट्रहित में अपने कर्तव्यों के निर्वहन की प्रेरणा देता है।









Akashvani will broadcast 'Mann Ki Baat' in regional languages immediately after the Hindi broadcast.



आदरणीय प्रधानमंत्री श्री @narendramodi जी द्वारा आज @mannkibaat कार्यक्रम में जनपद झाँसी के स्वयं सहायता समूह से जुड़ी महिलाओं द्वारा 'जल सहेली' बनकर मृतप्राय घुरारी नदी के संरक्षण और पुनर्जीवन के प्रयासों का उल्लेख, पूरे उत्तर प्रदेश के लिए गर्व का विषय है। निश्चित ही इससे जल संरक्षण के कार्यों को नई ऊर्जा प्राप्त होगी।

सैकड़ों जलाशयों के निर्माण में सहयोग कर महिला सशक्तिकरण की अद्भुत प्रतीक बनीं इन 'जल सहेली' महिलाओं ने अनेक चुनौतियों का सामना करते हुए जल संरक्षण एवं संवर्धन का एक बेहतरीन उदाहरण प्रस्तुत किया है।

जल संरक्षण के लिए प्रेरणा बनीं मातृशक्ति का हार्दिक अभिनंदन एवं प्रधानमंत्री जी का आभार!

1:27 PM · Sep 29, 2024 · 37.4K Views

Swachh Bharat Urban

PM Modi, in #MannKiBaat, shared the inspiring story of Subramanian Ji from Kerala, who has given a new life to over 23,000 chairs. His efforts reflect the powerful mantra of 'Reduce, Reuse, Recycle,'



Swatantra Dev Singh 2

जल संरक्षण में जल संकट का समाधान...

आदरणीय प्रधानमंत्री श्री @narendramodi जी के उत्साहवर्धन से देश और प्रदेश में जल संचयन के कार्य में जनभागीदारी बढ़ती जा रही है। झांसी, उत्तर प्रदेश की ऐसी ही एक पेरणादायक कहानी का उल्लेख आज मोदी जी ने अपने 'मन की बात' कार्यक्रम में किया।



Prof.Subash Navak

#ଏବେ_ମୋବାଇଲ_ଲ୍ୟାପଟପରେ_ମଧ୍ୟାନ୍ତାଳୀ_ଭାଷା ସାନ୍ତାଳୀ ଭାଷାକ୍ର ଡିଜିଟାଲ ପ୍ଲାଟଫର୍ମ ଦେଇ ଚର୍ଚ୍ଚାରେ ମୟୂରଭଞ୍ଜର ରାମଜିତ ଟୁଡୁ, 'ମନ କି ବାତ'ରେ ପ୍ରଶଂସା କଲେ ପ୍ରଧାନମନ୍ତ୍ରୀ । 10 ବର୍ଷ ଧରି କରିଲେ ପ୍ରୟାସ । #Ramjeet_Tudu #Santhali_Language #PMModi #Maankibaat 🙏 @PMOIndia 🙏



Col Rajyavardhan Rathore 🐡

जब हमारे दृढ़ संकल्प के साथ सामृहिक भागीदारी का संगम होता है तो पूरे समाज के लिए अद्भत नतीजे सामने आते हैं। इसका सबसे ताजा उदाहरण है #एक पेड मां के नाम

ये अभियान अदभुत अभियान रहा, जन-भागीदारी का ऐसा उदाहरण वाकई बहुत प्रेरित करने वाला है। राजस्थान में केवल अगस्त महीने में ही 6 करोड़ से अधिक पौधे लगाए गए हैं।

-आदरणीय प्रधानमंत्री श्री @narendramodi जी

#MannKiBaat #10YearsOfMannKiBaa





Jyotiraditya M. Scindia 🐡

"'मन की बात' की हमारी इस यात्रा को 10 साल पूरे हो रहे हैं। 10 साल पहले 'मन की बात' का प्रारंभ 3 अक्टूबर को विजयादशमी के दिन हुआ था और ये कितना पवित्र संयोग है, कि इस साल 3 अक्टूबर को जब 'मन की बात' के 10 वर्ष पुरे होंगे, तब नवरात्रि का पहला दिन होगा। 'मन की बात' की ये पूरी प्रक्रिया मेरे लिए ऐसी है, जैसे मंदिर जा करके ईश्वर के दर्शन

'मन की बात' की हर बात को, हर घटना को, हर चिट्टी को मैं याद करता हं, तो ऐसे लगता है जैसे मैं ईश्वर रूपी जनता जनार्दन के दर्शन कर रहा हूं।" - माननीय प्रधानमंत्री श्री

#MannKiBaat



Swatantra Dev Singh 📀

80

जल संरक्षण में जल संकट का समाधान..

आदरणीय प्रधानमंत्री श्री @narendramodi जी के उत्साहवर्धन से देश और प्रदेश में जल संचयन के कार्य में जनभागीदारी बढ़ती जा रही है। झांसी, उत्तर प्रदेश की ऐसी ही एक प्रेरणादायक कहानी का उल्लेख आज मोदी जी ने अपने 'मन की बात' कार्यक्रम में किया।



बन की बात े 3 अक्टूबर को 10 साल पूरे हो रहे हैं स्टोरी पसंद करते हैं: मोदी



प्रस्तिक पूर्व ने प्रतिकार अपनिवासिक प्रतिकार विशेष व्यक्ति के स्ति के प्रतिकार विशेष वि

के प्रतिक्षण अपन्यों भी किश्ते पूर्व में वर्षोप्तिक आहें में हिल्ला में ते त्यात्वा अप प्रति के प्रति के प्रतिक्षण के प्रति के प्रति के प्रतिक्षण के प्रतिकृति क्षण के प्रतिक्षण के प्रतिकृति क्षण के प्रतिकृति क

ध्यक्षण मिलान तथा रेश के बोर्च- में की नार्य होते. व्यक्ति प्रकार प्रताने स्वेकाले हैं ऐसी ही कोर्म ने उन्हों ने जातां ने जातां के स्वातं के स्वतं के स्वातं के स्वात

ಕೇಂದವಾಗಿದೆ ಭಾರತ



ತೊಸರಿಲಿ: ಭಾರತದ ಜಗತಿನ ಉತಾರ ಗಮನ ನಮ್ಮಕ್ರ ನೆಟ್ಟದೆ ಎಂದು ಪ್ರಧಾನಿ ನಂ ಮೋದಿ ನುಡಿದರು.

ಪ್ರಧಾನಿ ಜೋದಿ ನೇತೃತ್ವದ ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರ

ತಿಂಗ್ ಮನ್ ಕೇ ಮತ್ ಕುರ್ಯಕ್ರಿ ಮರಲ್ಲ ಪ್ರಧಾನ ದೇಶದ ಯುವಶಕ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ಕೊಂಡಾಡಿದರು. ಮನ್ ಕೇ ಲಾತ್ ಯಶಸ್ತಿಗೆ ದೇಶದ ಭಾರೀ ಉದ್ರಿಮೆಗಳು ಹಾಗೂ ಸಣ್ಣ ಪುಟ್ಟ ಪ್ಯಾಪಾರಿಗಳ ಕೊಡುಗೆ ಅಪಾರ ಎಂದು ಪ್ರತಂಸಿಸಿದರು. ಬಡವರು, ಕೊಡುಗೆ ಅವರ ಎಂದು ಪ್ರಶಂತಿನದರು. ಬಡವರು, ಮಧ್ಯಮವರ್ಗ ಹಾಗೂ ಎಂಎಸ್ಎಂಂಗರ್ ಸಹಿತ ಸಮಾಜದ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ವರ್ಗಕ್ಕೂ ತಮ್ಮ ಪ್ರತಿಭೆ ಪ್ರದರ್ಶಿಸಲು ಪ್ರಸ್ತುತ ಅಭಿಯಾನ ಮುಕ್ತಿ ಅವಕಾಶ ನೀಡಿಯವುದನ್ನು ಕಾಣುವಾಗ ಖುಷಿಯಾಗುತ್ತಿದೆ

ಎಂದರು.

ಹರುಗತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ರಪ್ಪು: ದೇಶದ ಆಟೋಮೊಟ್ಟೆಲ್ ರಂಗವಿರರಿ, ಜರ್ಜಿ, ನಾಗುಕ ವಿಮಾನಯಾನ, ಇಲೆ ಕ್ಯಾನಿಕ್ಕ್ ಅಥವಾ ರಕ್ಷಣಾ ರಂಗ ಸಹಿತ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರ ದೇಶದ ಯಾತ್ರದ ಮಠ್ಯು ಇವು ನಿರುತರ ವಿರುಗತಿಯಲ್ಲಿದೆ ಮಠ್ಯು ಇವರ್ ದೇಶದ ಯಾತ್ರಿಯ ಪ್ರತಿಭ ಕಾರಣ ಎಂದು ಕೊಂಡಾಡಿದರು.

ಧನಾತ್ಮಕತೆ ಜನತೆ ಬಯಕೆ - ಫಟಸ

ಮನ್ ಕೀ ಬಾತ್ನಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಧಾನಿ ಮೋದಿ ಮಾತು साबित हुआ लोग पॉजिटिव ವಿಶ್ವದ ಉತ್ಪಾದನಾ ಶಕ್ತಿ



ನನ್ನ ಉತ್ಪನ್ನ, ನನ್ನ ಹೆಮ್ಮೆ an musi of ateletrate ಪ್ರಾಮುಖ್ಯತ ಸಡೆಯುತು. ಮಹಾರಾಷ್ಟ್ರದ ಭಾರವ್ರಾ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಬಲು ಹಳೆಯ ಭಾರವ್ರಾ ತುಸ್ಕಾರ್ ಸಿರ್ ಪ್ಯಾಂಡ್ ಬಾಮ್ ಎಂಬ ಜವಳಿ ಅಂಗಡಿ ಇದೆ. ತುಸ್ಕಾರ್ ಸಿರ್ ಬ್ಯ್ಯಾ. ವಿಪ್ಯಾಸ ಮತ್ತು ಬಾಂಕ್ಷೆಗೆ ಹೆಸರಾಂತ. ಭಾರವ್ರಾವ

नवरात्रि का पहला दिन होगा।'

'मन की बात' के 10 साल. पीएम का स्वदेशी पर जोर



 विस, नई दिल्ली : पीएम नरेंद्र मोदी ने पणे मेटो की पीएम मोदी 'मन की बात' कार्यक्रम में देशवासियों कहा कि त्योदारों के मौकों पर देश में बर्न चीजें ही खरीदनी चाहिए। रेडियो पर प्रसारित होने वाले इस कार्यक्रम के साथ ही 'मेक इन इंडिया' अभियान ने भी एक दशक का सफर तय किया है। रविवार को पीएम ने कहा कि इस कार्यक्रम ने सबित किया है कि पॉजिटिव बातें और हौसला देने वाली कहानियां लोगों को बहुत् पसंद आती हैं। पीएम ने कहा, '10 साल पहले मन की बात की शुरुआत 3 अक्टबर को विजयादशमी के दिन हुई थी। इस साल 3 अक्टबर को जब इसके 10 वर्ष परे होंगे. तब

है। वे गर्व से इसे -नरेंद्र मोदी, पीएम

ने शुरुआत की

पीएम मोदी ने विडियो कॉन्फ्रेंस के जरिए महाराष्ट्र में 11,200 करोड़ रुपये की परियोजनाओं की शुरुआत और शिलान्यास किया। उन्होंने डिस्ट्रिक्ट कोट से स्वारगेट तक अंडरपाउंड पुणे मेट्रो सेक्शन की शुरुआत की और मेट्रो को हरी झंडी दिखाई। पीएम ने कहा कि पुणे मेटो के फर्स्ट फेज से लोगों का आना-जाना आसान होगा।

मेक इन इंडिया ने टैलेंट उभारा, क्रिएट इन इंडिया से रचनात्मकता बढेगी : मोदी

मन की बात के 10 साल : प्रधानमंत्री ने कहा-कार्यक्रम ने साबित किया, लोगों में सकारात्मक जानकारी की भुख

नई दिल्ली। प्रधारमंत्री नरेंद्र मोदी ने कहा कि इस धार केक इन हाँडिया अभियान ने 10 वर्ष पूरे कर लिए, निशमें हर वर्ष के लीवों को अपना टेलेंट व्यापने लाने का मौका फिला। सभ हो, लोगों से आहवान किया कि अब सूनना एवं प्रसारण पंत्रातय की रतक से क्रियत इन इंडिया चीम पर सरू किए पर 25 पैलेज का हिस्सा बनें।

बदलती रोजधा की धक्रति को देखते हुए यह पहल लोगे की रचनालकता को बढ़ाने में बेहद कारमर राधित हो सकती है। प्रधानमंत्री आवरणवाची के



रिक्ट इर हिंदा का निक करते हुए प्रेयून ने कहा कि रोजवार की पहले करानों से नए नम सेस्टर उस्स रहे हैं। रोजगार की प्रकृति बदलने से ता नोर्ड वीमिय, प्रकृति बदलने रोजगार की प्रकृति बदलने तेस चेक्क, फिल्म चेक्क रोजगार सेवटर उपर रहे

है च फिर किसी चंड या कम्युन्टी रेडियो में बुदा है से 25 उसेन के यदिये अपनी रचनानकता और चंडा सकता है। पीएम ने वह भी जात कि उन्हें इस यात में बेहद सुराते जिसके है हिंद 10 खात वाले हुए हुए मेंद्र इन हिंदेश अधिकार ने शरीब, मध्यम वर्ग और एक्एसएम्ब्रं की बहुत करवड़ा महत्त्वारा

पूरे होने जा रहे हैं और यह एक भावुक कर इससे यह धारण पता सावित हो रई है कि देने बाला क्षण है। यन की बात ने शक्ति । बारें जब तक चटपटी या नकरात्मक न हो कर दिवा कि देश के लोगों में सकारतमक जब तक उन्हें ज्वादा तवरूनो नहीं मिलती। जानकारी की कितनी भूख है। हमने देखा मसिक रेडियो कार्क्कम पन की नाता की 11-4मी कड़ी को संबंधित कर खें जिस्सीन कड़ी को संबंधित कर खें जिस्सीन कड़ी को संबंधित कर खें थे। उन्होंने कड़ा, कार्यक्रम को 10 वर्ष जिस्सीन की की स्वाधित कर खें जिस्सीन कड़ा, कार्यक्रम को 10 वर्ष जिस्सीन की की स्वाधित कर खें मसिक रेडिये कार्यक्रम नन की बता कि नजीर पत्नी भी ताह लीन देश की

उन्होंने बोताओं को ही कार्यक्रम का असली

प्रधानमंत्री ने सहा, कत संस्थान को सेका कई रोग को पाल कर रहे हैं। ऐसा ही एक प्रथम पूरी के इसकी में सामने आप, जहां साम

स्वापन समूह से जुड़ी कुछ महिलाओं ने पुरती परी को नमा जीवन ने दिखा हुए जान सहेती ने मुतक्रम पुतारी नदी को दिल तक बन्दारा, उसकी बोरियों में कल् भरका चेकडीम रैपार किया और

झांसी की जल सहेलियों ने : छत्तीसगढ़ : जल संरक्षण में मृतप्राय नदी को बचाया भिसाल बना परस्तराई गांव



उनीतनर का परवाताई गांब जल मंखल में एक पिमाल का गया। धमहारे जिले के इस गान क लोग कभी बूंद-चूंद पानी को लाफों थे लेकिन अब पड़ी देशभा को जल मॉक्ट से उम्बर्ग के लिए क्या गाल पानी, पास्ताएं प्रीति का राज है। यकुछ ताल पाले, पालाराई बाव में भू-ताल मार में रिलावर और क्वारी भी बाती किसों ने करूना भी नहीं की मीती। उन्होंने वो में करून भरका चेकतीय टैवार किन्छ और - के तीवत नाम के करवेच पासानंद आहित और पाने कर्याद होने से सेका। इन वरिताओं ने असानीय नेताओं ने जल-जरह अधिकान सुरू किया नेपाड़ी जलावार्य को पुनर्जीवन किया। और अब पानी की पाई कोई करी नहीं।

Listeners real anchors of Mann Ki Baat: Modi

NEW DELHI: Prime Minister

Highlights from address

saging. nal. Each time he

Odisha's Santali language activist finds mention in PM Modi's Mann Ki Baat

EXPRESS NEWS SERVICE

AS Prime Minister Narendr

AS Prime Minister Narendra Modi's monthly radio programme 'Mann ki Baat' completed 10 years on Sunday one of special deficient of the broadcast was Odisha's Ramjit Tudu.

A techie who works as an ascording the providing a digital platform to the Jashipur the bid of Mayurthani district, Ramjit has been providing a digital platform to for Jashipur the bid of Mayurthani district, Ramjit has been providing a digital platform to from across the world to express themselves.

The New Indian Express in The New Indian Express the cently featured Ramjit who for the last one decade has been digitalising his mother tongue digitalising his mother tongue is millie identity.

Stating that mother tongue is



efforts, articles written in San-tali language are reaching mil-lions of people," Modi said. Ramjit had launched Ol Chiki Tech - a platform on Fa-cebook - with two other lan-guage activists R Ashwani Ban-jan Murmu and Bapi Murmu to promote and share tools to type upgrade these tools and guide Santali writers on how to use them even today.

Santall and giving it an online identities with the prime minister stall Ramylit has actived dentifies with the prime minister stall Ramylit has started a campaign to give a new identities to Santall anguage with the "Ramylith lass prepared adjusted platform where literature related to Santall language and the related to Santall language with the "Ramylith lass prepared adjusted platform where literature related to Santall language can be read and written. A few ing mobile phone, he was said dened by the fact that he could not seen dimessage in his mother tongue. After that, he started typing "Ol Chiki script of Santall language Control and the could not seen dimessage in his mother tongue. After that, he started typing "Ol Chiki script of Santall language Today, due to his

चकोर पक्षी जैसे हैं देशवासी, गर्व से सुनते देश की उपलब्धियां: मोदी

अपल सूर्त, गई दिली। प्रधाननेते परेश स्त्रेति के स्त्रीतक रिता कर्तका 'या की बात' को होन अक्टूबर करे 10 वर्ग पूर्व से रहे हैं। their sold wast tree unt er den ibb it einer की इस कार्यक्रम की 114की कड़ी d bearing it merens the तीर पर एक धारण पर का नई है कि जब कर पटच्छे को र हो.



 मन्त्रीयर के 10 जां एपं तेने के उपलब्ध में प्रधानमंत्री ने क्षाच्या estan es ace

• वहा-लंदों में स्वयंत्रज्ञक जनकारी की पक्ष यह मेरे लिए प्रमधन के दर्शन हरने हैं समान

of traffer fine was for non- if preceives morale at their de die f. die de 'en sal une stages at figureard de fine and if uner sit afte unit sel पूर्व है। साम्यानाम मार्ने, प्रेम्प में भी तानी देखा कि लोग भी प्राप्तीत भा है। बारी प्रदारण, बीताल है। पार्ट में बार होता की अवस्थित है कि इस वर्ग तीन अबदूबर, करित वर-वर तक पहुंचने के लिए नकारायक को न ही, तक तक जाते राजां तीनों को बहुत परंट को झाड़ीक प्रधानिकों को साले को तक 'बन को सात' के 10 वर्ग सिंद को से प्रशंका दिया। प्रसारे काद तकाने नहीं दिवती अपनी है। प्रसान देव कि नार्व में कुछी हैं। 'बन को बार' के पूर्व हैंगे, तब प्यापि का पानत दिन हैं। ऐतिहर का की बार के 20 कहार को के बार में बार क्षेत्र में इस अपने के अवस्थित के अवस्थित की सा बार्ट अपने महत्व में appen flows & file byn in orbit some & file was Both and all aft appear #1 off they gar unclass can balt some flow all & floop?

रिश्ट महिंदर अपने तीनों है।

का बत पुरित्तेष्ट बायुक्त करने पारत के बाब को भी काम हो रहा हो. है। यह बहुत की पुरुषी वर्षों से पेर असे 'तर की बहर' के प्रश्न समझ on \$1. "He all aim" all ereft freen &; we all aim ardam if इस बाब को 10 काल भूरे हो हते है। 30 प्राप्त पाने प्रधान प्रापंत के प्रशास करने भर की की है। हार था। और यह कियर परित्र भी भी। पैछा में 'का को बार' कर

नर व्यक्तित जुद्द जाते हैं। हमा फेट्स केंग्रे ने बता कि अपन पानज में सामुक्तिया की बावन र्वदर्भ ने अवस्था अस्था-सम्बद्ध क्षेत्र

किए बोर्स- अमेरिक ने लेटर्स कर क्षांत्र काल्युक्तिक च रेज न

ਭਾਰਤ ਨਿਰਮਾਣ ਖੇਤਰ 'ਚ ਪਾਵਰਹਾਉਸ ਬਣ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ-ਮੋਦੀ

3 ਅਕਤਬਰ ਨੂੰ 'ਮਨ ਕੀ ਬਾਤ' ਦੇ 10 ਸਾਲ ਪਰੇ ਹੋ ਜਾਣਗੇ

ਨਵੀਂ ਦਿੱਲੀ, 29 ਸਤੰਬਰ (ਪੀ. ਟੀ. ਅਕਤੂਬਰ ਨੂੰ ਜਦੋਂ 'ਮਨ ਕੀ ਥਾਤ' ਦੇ 10 ਦੇਖ ਕੇ ਬਹੁਤ ਖੁੜੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਗਰੀਬ ਹੈ:-ਪੁਧਾਨ ਮੰਤਰੀ ਨਰਿੰਦਰ ਮਿਦੀ ਨੇ ਸਾਲ ਪੁੱਟੇ ਹੋ ਜਾਣਗੇ, ਇਹ ਨਵਰਾਤਰੀ ਦਾ ਮੱਧ ਵਰਗ ਅਤੇ ਸੁਤਮ, ਲਖੂ, ਦਰਮਿਆਂ

ਉਦਾਹਰਨਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਖਸੰਦ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ। ਮਗੈਨਾਵਕ ਵੇਡੀਓ ਪ੍ਰੋਗਰਾਮ ਦੇ 114ਵੇਂ ਪ੍ਰਸਾਰਨ ਦੌਰਾਨ ਸੰਸੰਧਨ ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਪ੍ਰਧਾਨ ਮੈਤਰੀ ਨੇ ਕਿਹਾ ਤ 'ਮਨ ਕੀ ਬਾਰ' ਰਾਸ਼ਟਰ ਦੀ ਮੂਟਿਕ ਤਾਕਤ ਨੂੰ ਦਰਸਾਉਂਦਾ



મન કી બાત > 3 ઓક્ટોબરે 10 વર્ષ પૂરાં થઈ રહ્યાં છે સાબિત થયું કે લોકો પોઝિટિવ સ્ટોરી પસંદ કરે છેઃ PM મોદી

પાણીની અધ્યતવાળા ઝાંસીમાં મહિલાઓએ નદીને જીવન આપ્યું

મધ્ય પ્રદેશની મહિલાઓએ તળાવ બનાવ્યું, નવો વ્યવસાય પણ મળ્યો

મદુરાઈની સુબાશ્રીએ 500 દુર્લભ ઔષધિનો બગીચો બનાવ્યો

पंतप्रधान नरेंद्र मोदी यांचे आवाहन

नवी दिल्ली ता २९ : प्रणासुदीच्या काळात देशवासीयांनी 'मेड इन इंडिया' वस्तुंची खरेदी करावी, असे आवादन पंतपधान नरेंद्र मोदी यांनी रविवारी आकाशवाणीवरील मन बोलताना केले कोणतेही सामान

खरेदी करताना किंवा भेट वस्तू देताना ते 'मेड इन इंडिया असेल, याची खात्री करा, असे कामे सुरू आहेत. उत्तराखंडमधील [©] मोदी म्हणाले 'मन की बात' या कार्यक्रमाला

दहा वर्षे पूर्ण होत आहेत. हा कार्यक्रम विजयादशमीच्या दिवशी सुरु झाला असे कार्यक्रम अन्यत्र होणे आव

होतील तो नवरात्रीचा पहिला दिवस अमेल 'ग्रन की बात' से अनेक रूपे आपण विसरू शकत नाही." असे मोदी म्हणाले. मोदी यांनी आजच्या पुदुचेरीच्या समुद्र किनाऱ्यावरील स्वच्छता अभियानाचे

उदाहरण दिले. "दोन ऑक्टोबर रोजी स्वच्छ भारत अभियानाची दहा वर्षे पूर्ण होत आहेत. देशाच्या

कोणत्या भागात स्वच्छता उत्तरकाशी भागात झाला नावाचे गाव आहे. या गावातील लोक दिवसातील दोन तास स्वच्छतेची कामे करतात. होता आणि दहा वर्षे ज्यादिवशी पूर्ण आहे,'' असेही मोदी यांनी सांगितले.

'मन की बात' के 10 साल को पीएम मोदी ने बताया अहम

भारत को अपनी ४ हजार पुरानी विरासत पर गर्व झांसी की 'जल सहेलियों' की जमकर तारीफ की



जल सहेली ने मतप्राय नदी को लबालब किया

महाराष्ट्र को दी कई सीगातें 11,200 करोड़ की परियोजनाओं का उदघाटन और शिलान्यास

बिडकिन और्वाभिक क्षेत्र का उद्घाटन

സുബ്രഹ്മണ്യന്റേത് വിസ്മയകരമായ പ്രയത്നം: അഭിനന്ദിച്ച് പ്രധാനമന്ത്രി

അഭിനന്ദനം മൻ കീ ബാത്തിൽ







Promote local, produce global quality: PM to manufacturers

rime Minister Narendra Modi on Sunday urged Indian manufacturers to focus on meeting global quality standards and promoting local products under the 'Vocal for Local' initiative.

Speaking on 'Mann Ki Baat,' a monthly radio programme the prime minister uses to reach out to the citizens. Modi credited his government's 'Make in India' campaign for transforming India into a global manufacturing powerhouse.

"The success of this campaign (Make in India) includes the contribution of the country's big industries as well as small shopkeepers," he said.

"Today, India has become a manufacturing powerhouse, and It is because of the youth power of the country that the whole world is looking up to us. Be it automobiles, textiles, aviation, electronics or defence every sector in the country's exports is constantly on the rise," he added.

Launched in September 2014, the Make in India initiative aims to foster domestic production by encouraging companies to develop, manufacture, and assemble products within the country.



Found many talented Indians in 10 yrs of 'Mann Ki Baat': PM

Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Sunday said that through his monthly radio show "Mann Ki Baat", he had, over the past 10 years, become familiar with several talented people across the country. Pointing out that the first

cast 10 years ago ber 3, 2014 Modi said "Ther are so many talented people in our country... How much passion they have, to serve the country and society. They dedabout them fills me with ene going to temple to have a 'darshan' of the Almighty."

Referring to the 10 years of

The quality of goods we manu ucts should get maximum pro-

mainly focusing on two things.

government had returned around 300 ancient artefacts to India. "Biden, very affectionately, showed me some of these artefacts at his residence facture should be of global these artefacts at his residence standard; and the local prodartefacts are made of materials ucus should get macunum pro-motion under the 'Vocal for Local' scheme,' he said. Mentioning his recent US

arreacus are manue un macernass such as terracotta, stone, ivory, wood, copper and bronze. Many of these are 4,000 years ON completion of 10 years of 'Make in India' initiative, Prime Minister Narendra Modi in his 114th episode of the monthly radio programme 'Maan Ki Baat' on Sunday urged the peo-ple to buy locally made prod-ucts during festivals ucts during festivals. He also invited the creator community to showcase their W talent and strengthen the 'Cre-ate in India' movement.

PATESH KILMAR THAKUR & New Polh

He also said that 'Mann Ki

He also said that 'Mann Ki Baat' shows people like positive stories and inspiring examples. "This episode today is going to make me emotional. It is flood-ing me with a lot of memories. The reason is that this journey of ours in 'Mann Ki Baat' is completing to wears 'Wann Ki

completing 10 years. 'Mann Ki

Baat' started on the day of Vi-

cade ago", he said.

jayadashami on October 3, a

in today's world. India has become a

A decade of 'Make in India': Modi asks

people to buy local products for festivals

of Make in India initiative taken up across the country. He also emphasised water conser some examples from several

decade ago", he said.
"This year on October 3 when
10 years of 'Mann Ki Baat' are
completed, it will be the first
day of Navratri," he said.
The PM cited many examples

every sector. The rise in For-eign Direct Investment is a tes-timony to its success, he said. Speaking about his mantra of governance —Vikas (develop-ment) with 'Virasat' (heritages), the PM referred to his recent visit to the US. "The return of partly 300 authorities to India nearly 300 antiquities to India has widely been appreciated. It shows when people start taking pride in their heritage, the pride in their heritage, the world respects their senti-ments," he said, adding that a large number of ancient arte-facts were brought back from different countries in the last 10 years of his government. "In today's world, India has become a manufacturing pow-erhouse and it is because of the youth power of the country

youth power of the country that the whole world is looking

up to us," he said. He also suggested that people gift their loved ones something made locally "Any product that states.

Highlighting the success of Make in India initiative, the PM said the programme has facilitated a rise in exports from glory to this pride," he said.

पीएम मोदी ने मन की बात में छतरपुर और डिंडोरी जिले में स्व सहायता समूह के काम को सराहा

महिलाओं ने बंजर जमीन पर तैयार किया फ्रूट



छतरपर. जिला मुख्यालय से 10 किमी दर खोंप गांव की महिलाओं की चर्चा रविवार को देशभर में हुई। पीएम मोदी ने मन की बात कार्यक्रम मे इनका जिक किया। दरअसल. 10 महिलाओं ने हरि बगिया नाम से स्वसहायता समूह बनाया है। समह ने अपनी मेहनत, प्रशासन के सहयोग से आर्गेनिक फुट फॉरेस्ट तैयार किया है। चरेलकालीन तालाब की मिटरी

गांव का बड़ा तालाब जब सुखने लगा तो महिलाओं ने पुनर्जीवित करने का बीड़ा उठाया। महिलाओं ने बड़ी मात्रा में गांद निकाली। गांद का उपयोग बंजर जमीन पर फ्रंट फॉरेस्ट तैयार करने में किया। महिलाओं की मेहनत से ना सिर्फ तालाब में पानी भर गया. बल्कि फसलों की उपज भी बढ़ी है। -नरेंद्र मोदी. प्रधानमंत्री



निकालकर उपयोग पींधरोएग में जिला प्रशासन ने अतिक्रमण मुक्त की अध्यक्ष कौशल्या रजक हैं और प्रदेश भाजपा अध्यक्ष बीडी शर्मा ने किया गया। दो हेक्टेवर में सिचाई के कराया था। अब महिलाओं, प्रशासन, सचिव पार्वती राजक हैं। यहां फल एवं मन की बात कार्यक्रम सुना। उन्होंने

फॉरेस्ट के लिए बंजर जमीन को समन्वय की प्रशंसा हो रही है। समृह रविवार को सीएम डॉ. मोहन यादव,

लिए डिप एरिगेशन की व्यवस्था है। ग्राम पंचायत के अधिकारियों के सब्जी का उत्पादन किया जा रहा है। समुहों के प्रयास की प्रशंसा की।

मछली पालन बना आय का जरिया

डिडोरी, रयपुरा के शारदा स्व-सहायता समूह की महिलाओं के जलसंरक्षण व मछली पालन से आत्मनिर्भर बनने के प्रचास का भी पीएम ने जिक्र किया है। 2014 में 10 एकड के जलाशय को समह को पढ़े पर देकर करीब 32 हजार से एक लाख फिंगरलिंग डलवाए गए। महिलाओं ने मछली बेचना शुरू किया। एक दिन में 3-4 हजार की बिक्री कर लेती हैं।

'କିଏଟ ଇନ ଇଷିଆ' ଆହାନ ଜରିଆରେ ନିଜର ସୂଜନଶୀଳତାକୁ ଉଜାଗର କରନ୍ତୁ : ପ୍ରଧାନମୟୀ

ଅଂଶଗହଣ କରିବା ଲାଗି ପ୍ରଧାନନତା । ଆଲୋଟନା କରିଥଲେ ।

ନିଯୁକ୍ତି ବଳାଗକୁ ନୂଆ ଗୁପ ଦେବ ପଇଁ ସୂଚନା ଓ ପ୍ରସାରଣ ମଞ୍ଜଣଳୟ ପାଇଁ

ନ୍ୟାଦିଲ୍ୟ, (ପିଆଇବି): ଦେଇଥିବା ଇହାରମାନ ଷେତ୍ରପୂଡ଼ିକ ପ୍ରଧାନମନ୍ତୀ ଶ୍ରୀ ନରେହ ମୋତୀ । ଉପରେ ଆଲୋକପାଡ କରିଥରେ । ତାଙ୍କ ୧୧୪ତମ 'ମଳ କି ବାର' ସେ କହିଥରେ, ଏହି ପରିବର୍ଣିତ ଅଭିଭାଷଣରେ ଦୃତ ଗତିରେ ସମୟରେ, ନିସ୍କିଲ ସ୍ରପ ବଦକ୍ଷି ହତନୃଥିବା ରୋଜଗାର ପୁକୃତି ଓ ଏହଂ ଗେମିଂ, ଆନିମେସନ, ରିଲ୍ ରେମିଂ, ଚହତ୍ତିତ ନିର୍ମାଣ ଆଦି । ମେଳିଙ୍ଗ, ଚହତ୍ତିତ ନିର୍ମାଣ ନିୟା ସ୍ଥଳନଶୀଳ ଅେତ୍ତର ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପୋଷର ମେଳିଙ୍ ପରି ନୃତନ ପାଇଥିବା ବୃହୋଗ ଇପରେ ଶେହ ଚିକଶିତ ହେଉଛି। ଯତି ଗୁଲୁହାରୋପ କରିଛନ୍ତି । ରାଜତର ଆପଣ ଏହି କୌଶନଗୁଡିକ ମଧ୍ୟର ସ୍ୱଳନଶୀଳ ପ୍ରତିଭାଗ ଅପାର କୌଣସିଟିରେ ଜଳ ପ୍ରଦର୍ଶନ ସମ୍ବାଦନା ଉପରେ ପଧାନମନ୍ତୀ କରିପାରିକେ, ରେବେ ଆପଣଙ ଗୁଲହାରୋପ କରିଥଲେ । ସଚନା ପ୍ରତିରାକ ଏକ ବିଶାନ ମଞ ଏବଂ ପ୍ରସାରଣ ମନ୍ତଶାଳୟ ଦାର। ମିଳିପାରିକ । ସେ ବ୍ୟାଣ, ଗୋଷୀ ଆୟୋଳନ କରାଯିବାକ୍ ଥିତା ରେଡିଃ ଉପାନୀ ଏଟଂ ସ୍ଥଳନଶୀଳ 'କିଏଟ ଇନ ଇଖିଆ' ଦିଷଣଦଶ୍_ର ପେସାହାରଙ୍କ ପାଇଁ ଦୃଦ୍ଧି ପାରଥିବା ଅନ୍ତର୍ଗିତ ୨୫ଟି ତାଲେଞାରେ ସୁସୋଗ ବିଷୟରେ ମଧ

ଏହି ସମ୍ମାବନାର କାର ଉଠାଇତା



ସୂଜନଶାଳତାକୁ ପ୍ରୋଷ୍ଟରିତ କରିବା ସୃଷ୍ଠା ବା ହିଏଟର୍ ମାନଙ୍କୁ ଉସ୍ଥାହିତ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ୨୫ଟି ତାହେଖ ବା କରିଥିଲେ । "ମୁଁ ବିଶେଷ କରି - ପୁଅମ ସିହିନ୍ ପୁରିଯୋହିତା ଆରନ୍ତ କରିଛି । ଏହି - ତେଶର ସୃଷ୍ଟାମାନଙ୍କରା ଅଂଶପ୍ରହଣ ହଦାସମାନ ଦୃଳନଶାଳ ସେହ । ଏବଂ ହୋସାହନ ସୋଗାଇ ଦେବା ଆହ୍ଳକୃତ୍ତିକରେ ଅଖରୁତଶା କରିବା ଦୁଳିଷିତ କରିବା ଏବଂ ସେମାଳକ କେହୁ ସୂଚନା ଓ ହୁସାରଣ, ରେଜ ଷ୍ଟେହସାଇଟ୍ ଗୁଳନଶାଳପାକୁ ସାହାଇକୁ ଆଣିବା ଏବଂ ଇଲେକ୍ଟୋନିକ୍ ଓ ପୂଜନା ଭିକ୍ଆଲ୍ ଏବଂ ମନୋଇଲନ

ପ୍ରଧନମଣ ତାଙ୍କ ଅଭିଭାଷଣରେ ପାଉରେସି ସମେତ ବିଭିନ୍ ଲଗ୍ ଭନ୍କରିବାକ୍ ପ୍ରଧାନମଣ କହିଥିଲେ ।

କ୍ଲିଏଟ୍ ଉନ୍ନ ଇତିଆ ଚାରେଖ

99 ଅଟେବ ୨୦୨୪ ରେ, ଦୈଷଦ ନୂଆଦିଲୁରେ ହିଏଟ ଛନ୍ ଭାଟେ ଜାଯ୍ୟ କରିତା

ଇଭିଆ ଚାଲେଷ-ସିଜନ୍ ୧ ର କ୍ରଚାରୟ କରିଥିଲେ । ପ୍ରଧାନମନ୍ତୀ ଶ୍ରୀ ନରେହ ମୋଦୀକ ୭୮୧ମ ଉଲେଖ କରିଥିବା "ଭାରତରେ ଡିଜାଇନ୍, ବିଶ୍ୱ ପାଇଁ ଡିଜାଇନ୍" ଦ୍ୟିକୋଣ ଅନ୍ତପ ଏହି ପରିଯେଉଁତା ଆନାମ ତିଶ ଅତିଶ ସଣୀତ, ଶିଷା ଏବଂ ଆଭି- ଯତ୍ରଜ୍ୟର୍ବପର୍ଯ୍ୟର ବୃହଶ ରେ ପାଇଁ ଅନୁରୋଧ ନରୁଛି'', ସେ ପୁଯୁକ୍ତିଦ୍ୟ ମବା ଶ୍ରୀ ଅଣ୍ଟିମ ପର୍ଜନନା (ପ୍ରେଲ) ର ଅନୁସ୍ତ

CREATE

متعدد ممالک ہندوستانی نوادرات کررہے ہیں واپس 🗖 ملک میں 20 ہزار زبانیں اور بولیاں

كالمهدة في سيار تكل وأفي عرب الله مديد المراسب كن عراق كالأعدى والديان في مديكات إلى المراكد الم خررا کے بہت ہے فوادرات اور عارق میں اس کے استعمال کو لے والوں کی تھا و بہت کم ہے ایجان آج ا بين كالله مناون كروبين في بين النابيان كالعلاكية وكالتشي كاجاري بيد أبول في الدمن عن آن عددي كل مما لك كواراك قواليد فالاستقالة بان . المثل الزرع ك ك ما تول أركام الحوارب مردانا مديدة المتحال أبويك في الناصورية كيلي المراري كالك ع كرجي المبالية و في أو الانات عند استمالاً على كالله بالتول عند الته المتمالية في 2 rds mac oran or 2 miles one to me defend of اليكادات وأنال والدب إلى المراج إلى المتعالى والدين والمناف والماكية المالية

المدير الأن الديماني بموسول عداري

کرائی کے چیا مرج مداور این سازی کے وہ میں میں میں میں میں میں اور مقابلے سال مرحمت فی ایس کی ایس میں ایس میں ا کرنے اور این این کرنے کی ایس میں اور میں میں میں میں میں میں میں میں میں اور اس میں میں میں میں میں میں میں می

علام المان على المان ال سريار المال كيديد التي المال سرور کے معلق کے معلق کے مقاوم کا معلق کے جو رہے۔ ایران کا کہ ان میں معلق کے مقاوم کا معلق میں اور اس کے مقاوم کا افغا کے مقام کا افغان کے ماریک کے میں اور کے لیے اور اس کے اپنے ایک سامیل کا دار سے اس کی ایک کے در سے اس کا رکھ کے کے در سے اس کی در سے اس کا رکھ کے در سے اس کا رکھ کے در سے اس کی در سے اس کا رکھ کے در سے اس کا رکھ کے در سے اس کا رکھ کے در سے اس کی در سے اس کا رکھ کے در سے اس کی در سے المراق ا ي جاره من كريمت العالم التي يورين الدعول المراح والمرتبط كرون المراح والمرتبط المراح المرتبط المراح المرتبط المراح المرتبط الم

وراهم زيدمول نے اين ماليور ، كادمان تو يت ورولي إلى اليول في كاكا س کے گیا طرف ہے تھر بیا 4000 و اور ان کی والوں کا فرکز کے ہے۔ ان شرکا کے بینے ان شرکان شرکا کھٹی کی و عَدَا فَا أَوْ الْمِي أَنْ مِنْ عِنْدَ عَلَى الْمُرْمِعُ عِنْدُونِ أَنْ مِنْ مِنْ أَنْ فِي جَوْمُ في معالى المعالى ا لے اور اے واپس کررے ہیں جو جارے مکویا ہے مطابع کے سیادی فعد اعتمار کھی ہیں ہے ماران الإسالة المرادي واستغلال وأكرام من أواحت المالة لوه الل كيد جل احر في عدد إلوا الأن المانية إليه الا الحيار

- 'మొక్క'వోని సంకల్పం
- ఇప్పటివరకు 25 వేలకు పైగా మొక్కలు నాటిన రాజశేఖర్
- ్ మన్ కీ బాత్ లో ప్రధాని మోదీ ప్రశంసలు

ఈవాడు, దిల్లీ, కొత్తగూడెం సింగరేణి, మ్మాస్ట్ ఉండి స్పూర్తిలో మొట్టలు DATE BOARD SOTEROF SWOTCH సాగుతున్నారు. వేరాది మొక్కలు రాజి గుర్తింప తెద్దుకున్నారు. ఇప్పుడు ఏకంగా దేశ ప్రదానముత్రి నరేంద్రమోట్ నుంచి ప్రశంపలు అందుకున్నారు. అదివారం నిర్వహించిన 114వ మనోక జాత్ కార్సక మంలో ప్రధాని రాజశేఖర్ కృషిని ప్రత్యే కంగా ప్రస్తావించారు. ఆలాగే 'అమ్మ ಜರ್ ಕೇಂಗ್ರಜ ರಕ್ಕರಿ ಪರಿತಿರು ಕನ್ನಡ స్తోందని ప్రవాసి మోదీ ఆభిసంసింతారు.



వెందిన కొల్నారు నున్న రాజకేఖర్ సింగ బందుముత్రంల పెక్షిక్క పుర్లినరోజులు.. రేజీ సెంబ్రల్ వస్స్ఫ్ఫ్ఫ్ హ్మీఫ్ పిల్లన్ మన్ జరా ప్రత్యేక లోజుల్లో మొక్కులు పంపణ్ చేస్తున్నారు. రాజశేఖర్ తండ్రి పొందు దక్షి, మేకప్ ఆర్టిస్ట్, చెట్లపై ఇష్టంతో తండ్రి స్పూర్తితో పదకొండో ఏట నుంచే మొక్కలు నాటుతూ పర్చదనం పెందేం

మొక్కల్పి నాటి అందరి మన్నవలు స్టర్టరి పారిత

tower settlefte

చేస్తూ, వాటిగి గాటుతూ ఒతరులనూ ప్రోత్సహిస్తున్నారు. 3020 జాలై 1 నుంచి రాష్ట్రన 1800కు పైగా మొక్కలు నాటారు. గత జూన్ 18న జయన ద్విద్యవాహ

ఆ క్లిష్ట్ సమయంలోనూ పట్న వరంభంధ බාණුත අත් පරලාග වචනය. ඒස් వరకు 10 లక్షల విత్తనాలు విడబల్లనని రాజశేఖర్ హ్యాస్ట్ బడోకు తెలిపారు

రాజుశేఖర్ చిత్తశుద్ధి అభినంచనీయం ద్రధాని మోద

మన్ కే జాత్ సందర హెదీ. కె.ఎస్.రాజశేఖర్వ ద్రశంగించార అమ్మ పేరుతో ఒక మొక్క నాటే కార్యక్ర మంలో తెలంగాణ రాష్ట్రం సరికొత్త రికా రాజకేబర్ ఎంతో చిత్తశుద్దితో మొక్కులు ನಿನ್ ನಾಲಾಲ್ ನಂತರಿಂದರು ಅಲ್ ಕನ బేవరకు 1900కు పైగా మొక్కలు నాటారు

Ahead of Mann ki Baat 10th anniv. Join 'Create PM highlights efforts to save water challenge, be

भारत दुनिया में विनिर्माण का 'पावरहाउस' बना : मोदी इलेक्ट्रॉनिक्स और रक्षा का क्षेत्र हो। मन की बात के 10 साल पूरे हर क्षेत्र में देश का निर्यात लगातार बढ़

🎟 नई दिल्ली (भाषा)।

प्रधानमंत्री नरेंद्र मोदी ने रविवार को कहा कि भारत आज दनिया में विदिर्णाण कर 'पानस्टानस' नन गया है और सभी देशों की नजरें 'हम पर टिकी हैं' क्वोंकि सरकार वैश्विक गणवत्ता वाली चीजों के निर्माण के साथ ही स्थानीय उत्पादी को बढ़ावा देने पर भी घ्यान केंद्रित कर रही है। आकाशवाणी के

114वीं कड़ी में मोदी ने देशवासियों से मध्यम वर्ग और सुक्ष्म व मध्यम उद्योग को टसर सिल्क को संरक्षित करने की दिशा में त्योहारों के मौसम में उपहार स्वरूप 'मेड इन इस अभियान से बहुत फायदा मिल रहा हैं। इंडिया' उत्पादों को एक-दूसरे को देने का और इस अभियान ने हर वर्ग के लोगों को उन्होंने कहा कि यह स्थानीय समुदायों को

पूरे होने का उल्लेख करते हुए मोदी ने कहा - पाजरहाउस बन गया है और देश की युवा- - उन्होंने त्योहारों के इस मौसम में 'मेड इन कि इस अभियान भी सफालता में, देश के शक्ति की वजह से दुनिया-भर की तजरें हम इंडिया उत्पाद को बढ़ावा देने का आस्यान बड़े उद्योगों से लेकर छोटे दकानदारों तक पर हैं। ऑटोमोबाइल्स हो, टेक्सटाइल्स हो करते हुए कहा, 'आप कुछ भी उपहार देंगे, का योगदान शामिल है। उन्होंने कहा कि उन्हें या फिर उद्भयन का क्षेत्र या फिर वह 'मेड इन इंडिया' ही होना चाहिए।'

कहा, सभी देशों की

नजरें हम पर हैं टिकी त्योहारों पर 'मेड इन इंडिया' उत्पादों का दें



रहा है। प्रधानमंत्री ने कहा कि देश में प्रत्यक्ष विदेशी निवेश (एफडीआई) का लगातार बढना भी 'मेक इन इंडिया' की सफलता की गाथा कह रहा है। उन्होंने कहा कि देश अब वैश्विक गणवत्ता वाली बीजो के निर्माण के माथ ही स्थानीय उत्पादों को बढावा देने पर ध्यान केंद्रित कर रहा है।

महाराष्ट्र के भंडारा जिले में 50 मासिक रेडियो कार्यक्रम 'मन की बात' की यह देखकर बहुत खुशी मिलती है कि गरीब, से भी अधिक स्वसहयता समृही की ओर से किए जा रहे प्रयासों का उल्लेख करते हए अपनी प्रतिभा सामने लाने का अवसर दिया - सशक्त बना रही है और साथ ही 'मेक इन 'मेक इन इंडिया' कार्यक्रम के 10 वर्ष है। मोदी ने कहा, आज, भारत विनिर्माण कर इंडिया' की भावना की भी दर्शा रही है।

श्रोता ही 'मन की बात' के असर्ली सुत्रधार

प्रधानमंत्री नरेंद्र मोदी ने श्रोताओं को 'मन की बात' कार्यक्रम का असली 'सत्रधार' करार देते हुए रविवार को कहा कि इस रेडियो कार्यक्रम ने साबित किया है कि देश के लोगों में सकारात्मक जानकारी की कितनी भख है और सकारात्मक

वाते एवं प्रेरणादायी उदाहरण उन्हें बहुत पसंद आते हैं। प्रधानमंत्री मोदी ने जल 📮 मोदी ने कहा संरक्षण, पर्यावरण संरक्षण और सकारात्मक खच्छता अभियान के महत्व को भी बातें लोगों को रेखांकित किया और लोगों से इसमें भाग लेने का आह्वान किया। मोदी ने

कहा कि इस कार्यक्रम की लंबी यात्रा में ऐसे कई पड़ाव आए जिन्हें तह कभी भाग नहीं सकते। उन्होंने कहा हमारी रम गाना के कई ऐसे साथी हैं जिनका हमें निरंतर सहयोग मिलता रहा है। 'मन की बात' के श्रोता ही इस कार्यक्रम के असली संज्ञधार हैं। आमतौर पर एक धारणा ऐसी गढी गई है कि जब तक किसी कार्यक्रम में चटपटी और नकारात्मक बातें ना हो तब तक उसे ज्यादा तकज्जो नहीं मिल पाती।



Mann Ki Baat: पीएम मोदी ने की झांसी की जल सहेलियों की तारीफ, कहा- 'जल सहेली' ने घरारी नदी को बचाया

दैतिक भारकर

man ki bat: प्रधानमंत्री मोदी ने मन की बात कार्यक्रम में जल-संरक्षण के लिए प्रदेश के महिला स्व-सहायता समूहों की पहल को सराहा



'Mann ki Baat' को दस साल पुरे; पीएम मोदी ने दिया धन्यवाद, बोले - श्रोता ही असली



'Listeners are real anchors': PM Modi marks 10 years of 'Mann Ki Baat'

♦ The Indian **EXPRESS**

Rise in FDI shows success of 'Make In India'; exports in every sector up: PM Modi



जागरण संपादकीय: मन की बात के दस वर्ष... प्रधानमंत्री ने जनता को विभिन्न विषयों के प्रति किया जागरूक



'मन की बात' कार्यक्रम : प्रधानमंत्री नरेन्द्र मोढी ने देशवासियों को स्वच्छता, जन भागीदारी और वोकल फॉर लोकल का दिया संदेश



'Mann Ki Baat' shows people like positive stories: PM Modi

नईदुनिया

Mann Ki Baat: मन की बात में पीएम मोदी ने सराहा छतरपुर की महिलाओं का काम, बोले- सूखा तालाब जिंदा कर दिया



'Mann Ki Baat': PM Narendra Modi hails return of artefacts from US, calls it triumph for India's heritage

THE ECONOMIC TIMES

PM Modi urges creators to participate in 'Create in India' challenge in his 'Mann Ki Baat' address

ThePrint

भारत दुनिया में विनिर्माण का 'पावरहाउस' बना, सभी देशों की नजरें हम पर टिकी हैं: मोदी

The Statesman

PM lauds Jhansi women's contribution to water conservation in 'Mann Ki Baat' program



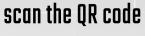
Mann ki Baat: 'मन की बात' के 10 साल पूरे, पीएम मोदी ने कहा- करोड़ों श्रोता इस कार्यक्रम के असली सूत्रधार; हर गांव में शुरू हो धन्यवाद प्रकृति अभियान



Modi lauds U'khand village's unique cleanliness campaign in 'Mann Ki Baat'



To read all the editions of 'Mann ki Baat',











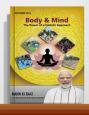




































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